



HONOR THE PAST. REIMAGINE THE FUTURE.

REIMAGINE MIDIAND COLLEGE

MIDLAND COLLEGE DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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ORGANIZATIONAL DATA

As of August 31, 2024

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Officers

Mr. Steve KiserChairpersonMrs. Charlene McBrideVice-ChairpersonMr. Steve CastleSecretary

Members

Term Expires

Mr. Stephen N. Castle	Midland, Texas	2024
Ms. Linda Cowden	Midland, Texas	2028
Mr. Scott Lynch	Midland, Texas	2026
Mr. Scott Kidwell	Midland, Texas	2026
Mr. Steven C. Kiser	Midland, Texas	2028
Mr. G. Larry Lawrence	Midland, Texas	2028
Ms. Charlene R. McBride	Midland, Texas	2024
Mr. Mike Oestmann	Midland, Texas	2024
Mr. Adrian Carrasco	Midland, Texas	2026

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Dr. Damon Kennedy	President
Mr. Jeff Chambers	Vice President of Administrative Services
Dr. Michael Dixon	Provost
Mr. Tom Glenn	Vice President of Strategy & Analytics
Dr. Frank De La O	Vice President of Instruction
Dr. Deana Savage	Chief of Staff
Ms. Rebecca Bell	Executive Director of Institutional Advancement
Mr. Joseph Butts	Executive Director of Capital Improvements
Mr. Derek Gasch	Vice President of Operations
Mr. Joseph Granado	Vice President of Student Services
Ms. Lauren Callo	Director of Accounting
Ms. Daisy DeLucas	Associate Director of Accounting
Ms. Rebecca Bell Mr. Joseph Butts Mr. Derek Gasch Mr. Joseph Granado Ms. Lauren Callo	Executive Director of Institutional Advancement Executive Director of Capital Improvements Vice President of Operations Vice President of Student Services Director of Accounting





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees Midland College District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Midland College District (the "District"), as of and for the years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the District, as of August 31, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, pension information, and other-post employment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Board of Trustees Midland College District

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. Supplemental Schedules A through D, as required by the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board's (THECB) Budget Requirements and Annual Financial Reporting Requirements for Texas Public Community and Junior Colleges; and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are also presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, Supplemental Schedules A through D, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Midland, Texas December 16, 2024

Whitley FERN LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to provide an easy to read analysis of Midland College District's financial activities for the years ended August 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022. This overview is based on facts, decisions and conditions known as of the date of the independent auditor's report. There are three financial statements presented: the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and the Statements of Cash Flows. These statements provide both long-term and short-term financial information on the District as a whole and should be read in conjunction with the notes to the basic financial statements.

Management has prepared the financial statements and the related footnote disclosures along with the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the preparers.

Financial and Enrollment Highlights

- The District's total net position was \$145.6 million in 2024 compared to \$134.6 million in 2023. Financial standing was strengthened as total net position increased by approximately \$11 million during fiscal year 2024 and by approximately \$28 million during fiscal year 2023.
- Unrestricted net position increased by \$3 million in 2024 and increased by \$5.3 million in 2023. Unrestricted net position after adjustments to exclude the effects of postemployment benefits increased by approximately \$5 million in 2024 and \$7 million in 2023.
- The net assessed valuation of the District increased by approximately \$7.4 billion or 15.6%, from 2023 to 2024 and increased by approximately \$11.2 billion or 31%, from 2022 to 2023. Taxable values were approximately \$54.7 billion in 2024 and \$47.3 billion in 2023.
- Bonded indebtedness decreased by approximately \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2024 and by approximately \$3.8 million during fiscal year 2023.
- Duplicated head count of students in credit hour programs increased 2.65% 2024 and decreased by approximately 1.5% in 2023.

The Statements of Net Position

The Statements of Net Position includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector organizations. Net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the financial health of the District. The purpose of the Statements of Net Position is to present a fiscal snapshot of the District.

From the data presented, readers of the Statements of Net Position are able to determine the resources that are available to continue the operations of the institution. Readers are also able to determine the amount the institution owes vendors, bondholders and lending institutions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Condensed Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

	Fiscal Year					Increase/Decrease				
		2024		2023		2022	2023 to 2024		202	2 to 2023
Assets										
Current Assets	\$	66,468	\$	55,102	\$	53,807	\$	11,366	\$	1,295
Other Noncurrent Assets		13,071		18,195		18,203		(5,124)		(8)
Capital Assets - (Non-current)		129,399		129,320		102,730		79		26,590
Total Assets		208,938		202,617		174,740		6,321		27,877
Deferred Outflows of Resources Liabilities		10,983		15,641		15,793		(4,658)		(152)
Liabilities										
Current Liabilities		12,155		14,298		12,852		(2,143)		1,446
Net Pension Liability		12,937		11,549		5,381		1,388		6,168
Other Post Employment Benefits		26,521		28,957		37,417		(2,436)		(8,460)
Other Noncurrent Liabilities		8,069		12,102		15,850		(4,033)		(3,748)
Total Liabilities		59,682		66,906		71,500		(7,224)		(4,594)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position		14,689		16,788		12,847		(2,099)		3,941
Net Position										
Net Investment in Capital Assets		118,901		114,710		84,213		4,191		30,497
Restricted-Nonexpendable		5,056		5,220		5,209		(164)		11
Restricted-Expendable		13,618		9,738		17,172		3,880		(7,434)
Unrestricted		7,975		4,896		(408)		3,079		5,304
Total Net Position	\$	145,550	\$	134,564	\$	106,186	\$	10,986	\$	28,378
Current Ratio		5.47		3.85		4.19				

Assets

Total assets increased by approximately 13.8% from 2022 to 2023 and again increased by approximately 3.1% from 2023 to 2024. Cash and investments remained relatively unchanged in 2023 and increased 13.6% in 2024. These increases were the result of cash flows from non-capital financing activities. Shifts between cash equivalents and short-term and long-term investments occurred as investments were transferred in response to changing interest rates and project considerations.

Liabilities

Total liabilities decreased by approximately \$7.2 million in 2024 and by approximately \$4.6 million in 2023. In 2024 the district's proportionate share of pension liability was increased \$1.4 million. The increase was offset by a decrease of \$2.4 million in the district's proportionate share of other post-employment benefits. Additionally, bonded indebtedness was reduced by \$3.8 million in 2024 and \$4 million in 2023.

Net Position

Net position represents the District's equity, some of which is restricted for certain uses and some of which is unrestricted. Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, reflects the institution's equity in property, plant and equipment. The next category, restricted net position, is further divided into nonexpendable and expendable. The corpus, or nonexpendable restricted resources, is only available for investment purposes. Expendable restricted net position is available for expenditure by the institution, but must be spent for purposes determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the funds. The final category is unrestricted net position, which is available to the institution for any lawful purpose.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

In 2015, the District adopted GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The adoption of this new accounting standard required the recognition of a cumulative effective adjustment, which resulted in the reduction of the beginning unrestricted net position by approximately \$7.3 million. In 2018, the District adopted GASB 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Because of the adoption of this standard, unrestricted net position was reduced for a cumulative effective adjustment of approximately \$26.5 million. In each year following the initial adoption of these standards the District has recorded substantial adjustments to reflect its proportionate share of the changes in the related multiemployer benefit systems. The accounting for post-employment benefits has significantly impacted the District's financial statement presentation and has confused and obscured the presentation of the District's core financial operations. Financial analysts often eliminate post-employment balances in order to better evaluate the financial condition of governmental entities. As a result of the required post-employment accounting standards, most governmental entities reflect a deficit in their unrestricted net position. Expendable net position, specifically unrestricted net position is an important indicator of an entity's financial stability.

While the relationship of expendable net position to operating expenses is important, the change in expendable net position over a period of years is also important. The following table reflects net position by category and additionally presents net position both before and after adjustments for post-employment benefits.

Schedule of Net Position

Adjusted for the Effects of Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

(in thousands)

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Schedule of Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	118,901	\$ 114,710	\$ 84,213	\$ 78,312	\$ 77,776
Restricted-Nonexpendable		5,056	5,220	5,209	5,341	5,366
Restricted-Expendable		13,618	9,738	17,172	9,547	9,837
Unrestricted	(A)	7,975	4,896	(408)	(573)	(2,656)
Total Net Position	_	145,550	134,564	106,186	92,627	90,323
Postemployment Adjustments:						
Add:						
Compensable Absences-Current		1,055	795	802	892	949
Compensable Absences-Noncurrent		1,448	1,290	1,245	1,397	1,233
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability-Current (GASB 75)		763	773	785	1,133	954
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability-Noncurrent (GASB 75)		26,521	28,957	37,417	32,829	29,159
Net Pension Liability (GASB 68)		12,937	11,549	5,381	11,914	10,751
Deferred Inflows - Other Postemployment Benefits (GASB 75)		11,086	11,621	6,155	5,070	9,246
Deferred Inflows - Pensions (GASB 68)		3,603	5,116	6,567	2,017	2,665
Deduct:						
Deferred Outflows - Other Postemployment Benefits (GASB 75)		(3,584)	(7,103)	(11,523)	(8,502)	(10,970)
Deferred Outflows - Pensions (GASB 68)		(7,189)	(8,150)	(3,632)	(4,794)	(4,948)
Net Effect of Pensions and Other Postemployment Obligations	(B)	46,640	44,848	 43,197	 41,956	39,039
Schedule of Net Position (Adjusted for Postemployment Obligations)						
Net investment in capital assets		118,901	114,710	84,213	78,312	77,776
Restricted-Nonexpendable		5,056	5,220	5,209	5,341	5,366
Restricted-Expendable		13,618	9,738	17,172	9,547	9,837
Unrestricted (Adjusted)	(A+B)	54,615	49,744	 42,198	41,383	36,383
Net Position Adjusted for Postemployment Obligations	\$	192,190	\$ 179,412	\$ 148,792	\$ 134,583	\$ 129,362

As reflected in the preceding schedule, total net position and adjusted unrestricted net position have increased in each of the last four years. Unrestricted net position (after adjustment for post-employment benefits) represents approximately 70% of the 2024 operating expenses and expendable net position represents approximately 87% of those expenses.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present the operating results of the District, as well as the non-operating revenues and expenses. Generally, operating revenues are those revenues received in exchange for the District providing goods and services. Operating expenses are those amounts paid to acquire or produce the goods and services in return for the operating revenues. Non-operating revenues are funds received with no direct relationship to the goods and services being provided. Accordingly, state appropriations and ad valorem taxes, while budgeted for operations, are classified as non-operating revenue for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, governmental entities typically report an operating loss for financial reporting purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Revenues and expenses should be considered in total when assessing the change in the District's financial position. When total revenues exceed total expenses, the result is an increase in net position. When the reverse occurs, the result is a decrease in net position. Further detail is presented in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and notes to the financial statements.

The following table reflects a summary of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the years ended August 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022. This summary indicates the operating loss and the overall increase in net position for each of the years displayed.

Major changes in operating and non-operating revenue are as follows:

Condensed Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (in thousands)

		Fiscal Year						Changes			
	2024			2023	2022		2023 to 2024		2022 to 2023		
Operating Revenues and Expenses:											
Operating revenues	\$	19,731	\$	18,426	\$	21,952	\$	1,305	\$	(3,526)	
Operating expenses		78,479		68,339		64,316		10,140		4,023	
Operating Loss	·	(58,748)		(49,913)		(42,364)		(8,835)		(7,549)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):											
State appropriations		12,803		9,695		7,344		3,108		2,351	
Ad valorem taxes		41,734		38,044		36,196		3,690		1,848	
Federal, non-operating		5,917		4,778		4,176		1,139		602	
Gifts/Contributions in aid of construction		6,239		23,901		8,270		(17,662)		15,631	
Interest on capital related debt		(312)		(402)		(473)		90		71	
Other non-operating revenues		3,353		2,275		(242)		1,078		2,517	
Total Non-Operating Revenues, Net		69,734		78,291		55,271		(8,557)		23,020	
Increase in net position		10,986		28,378		12,907		(17,392)		15,471	
Net Position Beginning of Year (Restated)		134,564		106,186		93,279		28,378		12,907	
Net Position End of Year	\$	145,550	\$	134,564	\$	106,186	\$	10,986	\$	28,378	

2023 to 2024 Changes in Revenues

Total revenues decreased by approximately \$7.3 million, primarily due to lower gifts and contributions in aid of construction, in non-operating revenues of \$18.4 million. This decrease was offset by an increase of ad valorem taxes of \$3.7 million.

Total ad valorem tax revenues were 8.84% higher in 2024 compared to 2023. The net assessed valuation of the District increased by approximately \$7.4 billion or 15.6%. The total 2024 tax rate for the District was \$0.07741 per \$100 of valuation compared to \$0.08000 for 2023.

2022 to 2023 Changes in Revenues

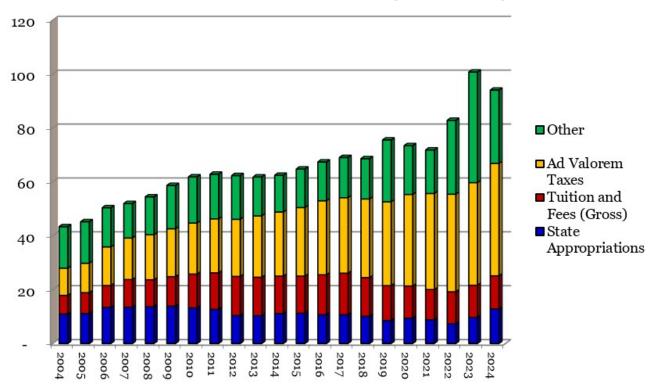
Total revenues increased by approximately \$19 million which was lowered by operating revenues of approximately \$3.5 million. Non-operating revenues increased by approximately \$23 million. This increase is because gift income exceeded the prior year by approximately \$15.6 million and ad valorem taxes were \$1.84 million more in 2023 than 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Total ad valorem tax revenues were 5.1 % higher in 2023 compared to 2022. The net assessed valuation of the District increased by approximately \$11.2 billion or 31%. The total 2023 tax rate for the District was \$0.8000 per \$100 of valuation compared to \$0.1012 for 2021.

Local ad valorem taxes have become the District's largest and most reliable revenue source as state support for higher education has generally declined over the last several decades. State appropriations as a percentage of total revenues has consistently declined until 2023. With the new performance model, Midland College saw an increase in 2024.

Revenue Trends 2004 to 2024



The following table illustrates revenue by source in 2024 compared to 2023.

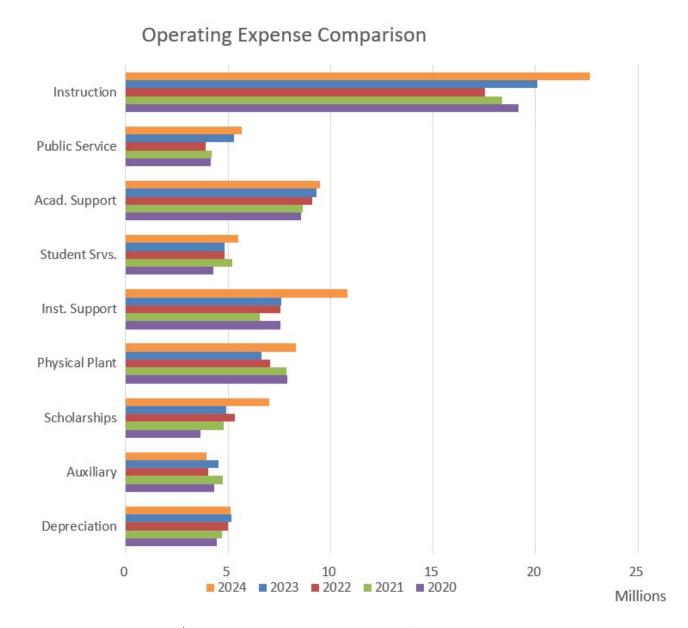
Percentage of Total Revenues

	2024	2023
State Appropriations	14%	10%
Local Property Taxes	45%	38%
Tuition and Fees (Gross)	13%	12%
Gifts Grants & Contracts	22%	35%
Auxiliary Services	1%	1%
Other	5%	4%
	100%	100%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Operating Expenses by Functional Classification

Functional classifications are the traditional categories that have been used to report expenses in financial statements. These categories represent the types of programs and services provided. The following chart shows the District's 2024 expenses compared to the 2023, 2022, 2021, and 2020 expenses.



Total operating expenses were \$10 million more in 2024 than in 2023. Of this amount, unrestricted expenses increased by approximately \$8.7 million, restricted expenses increased by approximately \$2 million, auxiliary enterprises expenses decreased by \$600 thousand and depreciation and amortization expense remained virtually unchanged.

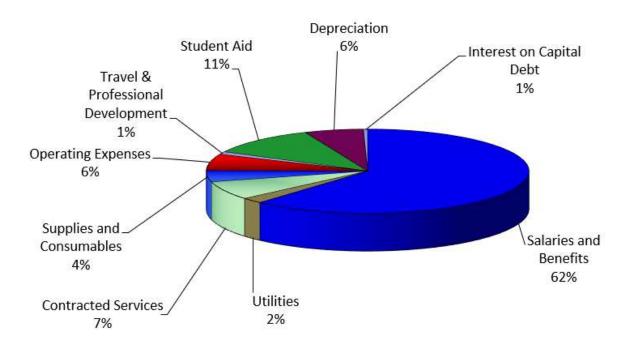
Total operating expenses were \$4 million more in 2023 than in 2022. Of this amount, unrestricted expenses increased by approximately \$110 thousand, restricted expenses increased by approximately \$3.3 million, auxiliary enterprises expenses increased by \$513 thousand and depreciation and amortization expense increased by approximately \$167 thousand.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Expenses by Natural Classification

The following chart reflects expenditures by natural classification (object).

Expenses By Natural Classification



Statements of Cash Flows

The Statements of Cash Flows provides information about cash receipts and cash payments during the year. These statements also help users assess the District's ability to generate net cash flow needed to meet its obligations as they come due and its need for external financing.

Summary of Statement of Cash Flows

		2024	2023	2022	2021
Cash Provided By (Used in):					
Operating Activities	\$	(50,141)	\$ (38,732)	\$ (36,825)	\$ (41,307)
Non-Capital Financing Activities		56,495	49,091	46,714	45,413
Capital and Related Financing Activities		(605)	(12,402)	(2,312)	(3,228)
Investing Activities		12,516	5,845	(36,333)	15,577
Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	18,264	\$ 3,802	\$ (28,756)	\$ 16,455

The primary cash receipts from operating activities consist of tuition and fees, housing, board and grant revenue. Cash outlays include payment of wages, benefits, supplies, utilities and scholarships. State appropriations and ad valorem taxes are the primary source of non-capital financing. Accounting standards require that these sources of revenue be reported in the statements as non-operating, even though they are considered to be operating revenues in the District's budget.

Cash flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities include proceeds from the issuance of debt, principal and interest disbursements and payments for buildings and other capital acquisitions.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Cash flows from investing activities represent the annual effect of the purchase, sale and maturity of investments, along with interest received from those investments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The following table reflects the District's year-end capital asset balances, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Capital asset additions in 2024 totaled approximately \$5.2 million. Capital additions in 2023 were \$31.7 million including approximately \$30.2 million in construction in progress for the Pre-K Academy and Center for Teaching Excellence. Depreciation and amortization expense was approximately \$5.1 million and \$4.8 million in 2023 and 2022 respectively.

Schedule of Capital Assets (in thousands)

	2024		2023	 2022	 2021
Land	\$	2,550	\$ 2,550	\$ 2,550	\$ 2,550
Library Books & Collections		447	479	474	457
Construction in Progress		1,492	35,240	5,045	74
Buildings & Improvements		106,751	79,186	82,044	83,990
Land Improvements		11,300	5,748	6,403	7,009
Furniture, Equipment, Vehicles		5,777	4,404	4,775	4,933
RTU lease assets		406	533	270	-
RTU subscription assets		677	1,180	1,170	 -
	\$	129,400	\$ 129,320	\$ 102,731	\$ 99,013

For more information on capital assets, see Note 8 to the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2022 the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2001 for the purpose of refunding the 2012 Series General Obligation Bonds. In December of 2021, Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") and Standard and Poor's (S&P) confirmed their bond ratings of "Aa2" and "AA", respectively.

In 2016 Refunding Bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the 2008 Revenue Bonds. Total outstanding debt was approximately \$10 million and \$13.9 million as of August 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Schedule of Outstanding Debt (in thousands)

	 2024		2023	 2022	2021		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,881	\$	8,783	\$ 11,690	\$	14,231	
Revenue Bonds	 4,175		5,160	 6,125		7,045	
	\$ 10,056	\$	13,943	\$ 17,815	\$	21,276	

For more information on long-term debt, see Note 9 to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Economic Factors That Will Affect the Future

The 2024-2025 budget was adopted by the Board of Trustees on August 20, 2024. The total operating portion of the budget increased by 5.9% over the 2023-2024 budget.

The 2024 certified taxable values increased by approximately 15.6% from the prior year. This increase was in part related to an increase in crude oil production. The district adopted a tax rate of 8.298 cents per hundred dollars of valuation which was 7.1% above the no-new-revenue tax rate and 7.2% above the 2023-2024 rate of 7.741 cents per hundred dollars of valuation. The 2023-2024 tax levy is approximately \$3.3 million more than the 2022- 2023 levy.

The District has increased enrollment for the 3rd fall in a row. The fall 2024 student headcount is approximately 10.2% higher than the fall 2023 student headcount and the fall 2022 fall enrollment was approximately 1.4% higher than the fall 2022 student headcount and the fall 2022 fall enrollment. For the fall 2024 semester, approximately 67.3% of sections are being delivered in the traditional face-to-face format.

The State of Texas has revamped the appropriations formula for Texas Community Colleges for the 2023-2024/2024-2025 biennium. While the District is still diligently adapting to a performance-based model, Midland College is estimated to receive an increase of \$2.3 million in 2024-2025, or 28.2%, over the prior year formula. However, the increase is contingent on a supplemental request of the State of Texas, to be reviewed early next year, and, thus, was not budgeted within the 2024-2025 operating budget.

The District is not aware of any additional facts, decisions or conditions that are expected to have a significant impact on the financial position or results of operations during 2024-2025 or subsequent fiscal years.

Requests for Information

This annual financial report is designed to provide interested stakeholders with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Vice President of Administrative Services at Midland College, 3600 N. Garfield, Midland, TX 79705.

Jeff Chambers

Vice President of Administrative Services



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION August 31, 2024 and 2023

	 2024	2023		
Assets and Deferred Outflows				
Assets:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,921,073	\$	19,171,100	
Short-term investments	25,028,456		28,676,507	
Accounts receivable, net	2,641,125		4,174,881	
Inventories	8,800		10,166	
Prepaid expenses	1,848,488		3,006,061	
Deposits	20,472		20,472	
Lease receivable	 -		42,294	
Total current assets	66,468,414		55,101,481	
Non-current Assets:	 _		_	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	1,376,856		862,509	
Endowment investments	6,421,770		6,415,867	
Other long-term investments	5,263,406		10,908,430	
Net capital assets	129,398,776		129,320,388	
Other assets-split interest agreements	9,018		8,612	
Total non-current assets	142,469,826		147,515,806	
Total Assets	208,938,240		202,617,287	
Deferred Outflows				
Deferred outflows on refunding of debt	209,579		387,200	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	7,188,825		8,150,072	
Deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits	3,584,099		7,103,421	
Total Deferred Outflows	10,982,503		15,640,693	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position				
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,795,011	\$	4,225,837	
Accrued liabilities	1,794,985		1,102,039	
Accrued compensable absences – current portion	1,054,742		794,533	
Net other post-employment benefits liability – current portion	763,127		772,911	
Funds held for others and agencies	230,283		214,724	
Unearned revenues	1,290,747		2,887,018	
Bonds payable – current portion	3,932,147		3,887,904	
Lease liability - current portion	126,808		122,434	
Subscription liability - current portion	125,851		264,378	
Deposits	 40,980		26,174	
Total current liabilities	 12,154,681		14,297,952	
Non-current Liabilities:				
Accrued compensable absences – non-current portion	1,448,262		1,289,536	
Net pension liability	12,937,115		11,548,704	
Net other post-employment benefits liability – non-current portion	26,520,504		28,956,858	
Bonds payable – non-current portion	6,123,438		10,055,586	
Lease liability – non-current portion	294,685		419,808	
Subscription liability – non-current portion	 203,190		337,598	
Total non-current liabilities	47,527,194		52,608,090	
Total Liabilities	 59,681,875		66,906,042	

Exhibit 1 Page 2 of 2

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION August 31, 2024 and 2023

	202	24	2023
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (continued)			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 3,6	602,666	\$ 5,115,716
Deferred inflows related to other post-employment benefits	11,0)85,952	11,620,993
Deferred inflows related to leases		-	50,968
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,6	88,618	 16,787,677
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	118,9	01,014	114,709,984
Restricted for:			
Nonexpendable:			
Endowments	5,0)55,853	5,220,427
Expendable:			
Student aid	5,2	229,622	5,237,513
Instructional programs	8,3	388,963	4,500,080
Unrestricted	7,9	74,798	4,896,257
Total Net Position	\$ 145,5	50,250	\$ 134,564,261

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION Years Ended August 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023		
Operating Revenues				
Tuition and fees, net of discounts of \$4,086,251 and	\$ 8,237,583	\$	8,411,529	
\$3,539,784 for the years ended August 31, 2024 and				
2023, respectively				
Federal grants and contracts	2,984,496		2,032,741	
State grants and contracts	736,945		377,310	
Local grants and contracts	1,589,495		2,475,272	
Non-governmental grants and contracts	3,405,317		1,356,185	
Sales and services of educational activities	693,491		524,600	
Investment income – program restricted	(476,231)		1,594,246	
Auxiliary enterprises	881,941		770,099	
General operating revenues	1,678,237		883,848	
Total Operating Revenues (Schedule A)	19,731,274		18,425,830	
Operating Expenses				
Instruction	22,629,418		20,089,496	
Public service	5,666,328		5,310,115	
Academic support	9,488,164		9,314,891	
Student services	5,491,286		4,831,766	
Institutional support	10,820,577		7,580,404	
Operation and maintenance of plant	8,311,000		6,624,299	
Scholarships and fellowships, net of discounts	6,999,862		4,897,335	
Auxiliary enterprises, net of discounts	3,943,939		4,542,109	
Depreciation and amortization	 5,128,837		5,148,310	
Total Operating Expenses (Schedule B)	78,479,411		68,338,725	
Operating Loss	(58,748,137)		(49,912,895)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
State appropriations	12,803,313		9,694,569	
Maintenance ad valorem taxes	38,785,628		35,069,160	
Debt service ad valorem taxes	2,948,654		2,974,982	
Federal revenue, non-operating	5,917,338		4,777,559	
Gifts	2,346,140		1,632,913	
Investment income	3,314,288		2,231,671	
Contributions in aid of construction	3,892,526		22,267,883	
Interest on capital related debt	(311,973)		(402,054)	
Gain (loss) on disposal of fixed assets	24,107		(5,952)	
Additions to permanent endowments	 14,105		50,103	
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Schedule C)	69,734,126		78,290,834	
Increase in net position	10,985,989		28,377,939	
Net Position – Beginning of Year	134,564,261		106,186,322	
Net Position – End of Year	\$ 145,550,250	\$	134,564,261	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended August 31, 2024 and 2023

		2024		2023
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Receipts from students and other customers	\$	8,032,489	\$	9,882,124
Receipts from grants and contracts	Ψ.	8,680,858	*	7,185,129
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(21,308,728)		(16,599,696)
Payments to or on behalf of employees		(41,209,169)		(36,128,425)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(5,467,345)		(4,947,865)
Other (disbursements), receipts		1,130,525		1,877,118
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		(50,141,370)		(38,731,615)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities				
Receipts from state appropriations		9,487,800		7,397,327
Receipts from ad valorem taxes – operating and maintenance		38,714,241		35,082,904
Receipts from non-operating federal revenue		5,917,338		4,777,559
Receipts from gifts or grants for other than capital purposes		2,346,140		1,632,913
Receipts from student organizations and other agency transactions		227,924		212,315
Payments to student organizations and other agency transactions		(212,315)		(205,465)
Receipts from private gifts for endowment purposes		13,702		193,534
Net Cash Provided By Non-Capital Financing Activities		56,494,830		49,091,087
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities				
Receipts from ad valorem taxes – debt services		2,977,570		2,977,101
Receipts from capital grants and gifts		5,640,099		20,395,726
Purchases of capital assets		(5,183,118)		(31,744,159)
Payments on capital debt – principal		(3,570,000)		(3,415,000)
Payments on capital debt – interest		(469,460)		(615,908)
Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities		(604,909)		(12,402,240)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		26,183,397		26,711,580
Interest on investments		3,228,597		2,026,673
Purchase of investments		(16,896,225)		(22,893,414)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities		12,515,769		5,844,839
Change in cash and cash equivalents		18,264,320		3,802,071
Cash And Cash Equivalents – Beginning		20,033,609		16,231,538
Cash And Cash Equivalents – Ending	Ś	38,297,929	\$	20,033,609
-		00/201/020		
Reconciliation Of Net Operating Loss To Net Cash Used In Operating Activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(58,748,137)	\$	(49,912,895)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation/amortization expense		5,128,837		5,148,310
Payments made directly by state for benefits		3,315,513		2,297,243
Changes in related assets and liabilities:				
Receivables, net		(254,977)		647,939
Prepaid expenses		1,375,088		(27,588)
Inventories		1,366		(8,719)
Deferred outflows		4,480,569		(98,395)
Accounts payable		(1,598,074)		1,565,171
Accrued liabilities		(565,163)		(2,263,571)
Compensated absences		418,935		37,038
Unearned revenue		(1,596,271)		(56,916)
Deferred inflows		(2,099,056)		3,940,768
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(50,141,370)	\$	(38,731,615)



MIDLAND COLLEGE DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Reporting Entity

Midland College District (the "District") was established in 1972, in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, to serve the educational needs of the public and the surrounding communities. The District is considered to be a special purpose, primary government according to the definition in Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 14. While the District receives funding from local, state and federal sources, and must comply with the spending, reporting and record keeping requirements of these entities, it is not a component unit of any other governmental entity.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Guidelines

The significant accounting policies followed by the District in preparing these financial statements are in accordance with the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board's Annual Financial Reporting Requirements for Texas Public Community and Junior Colleges. The District is reported as a special-purpose government engaged in business-type activities ("BTA").

Tuition Discounting

Texas Public Education Grants

Certain tuition amounts are required to be set aside for use as scholarships by qualifying students. This set aside, called the Texas Public Education Grant ("TPEG"), is shown with tuition and fee revenue amounts as a separate set aside amount (Texas Education Code §56.033). When the award for tuition is used by the student, the amount is recorded as a tuition and a corresponding amount is recorded as a tuition discount. If the amount is dispersed directly to the student, the amount is recorded as a scholarship expense.

Title IV, Higher Education Act (HEA) Program Funds

Certain Title IV HEA Program funds are received by the District to pass through to the student. These funds are initially received by the District and recorded as restricted revenue. When the student is awarded and uses these funds for tuition and fees, the amounts are recorded as revenue and a corresponding amount is recorded as a tuition discount. If the amount is dispersed directly to the student, the amount is recorded as a scholarship expense.

Other Tuition Discounts

The District awards tuition and fee scholarships from institutional funds to students who qualify. When these amounts are used for tuition and fees, the amounts are recorded as tuition and fee revenue and a corresponding amount is recorded as a tuition discount. If the amount is dispersed directly to the student, the amount is recorded as a scholarship expense.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the District have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. All revenues are recorded when earned and all expenses are recorded when they have been reduced to a legal or contractual obligation to pay.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. Encumbrances outstanding at year end, that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget, are reported as designations of net assets since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deferred Inflows

In addition to liabilities, the District is aware that the statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so, is not recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Governments are permitted only to report deferred inflows in circumstances specifically authorized by GASB.

Deferred Outflows

In addition to assets, the District is aware that the statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Governments are permitted only to report deferred outflows in circumstances specifically authorized by GASB.

Unearned Revenue and Prepaid Expenditures

Unearned revenue relates to student tuition and fees received during the current fiscal period for classes to be held in the following period. Similarly, prepaid expenditures represent funds expended in the current period relating to the following period.

Inventories

Inventories consist of consumable physical plant and food service supplies. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, determined using the first in, first out method. They are charged to expense as consumed.

Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, investments are reported at fair value. Fair values are based on published market rates. Short-term investments have an original maturity greater than three months but less than one year at time of purchase. Long-term investments have an original maturity of greater than one year at the time of purchase. The District considers investments in public fund investment pools to be short-term.

Budgetary Data

Each community college district in Texas is required by law to prepare an annual operating budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for current operating funds for the fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget, which is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, is adopted by the District's Board of Trustees. A copy of the approved budget must be filed with the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board, Legislative Budget Board, Legislative Reference Library and Governor's Office of Budget and Planning by December 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost that equals or exceeds \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than one year. As the District constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Depreciation and amortization expense is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings 50 years
Facilities and Other Improvements 20 years
Library Books 15 years
Furniture, Machinery, Vehicles and Other Equipment 10 years
Telecommunications and Peripheral Equipment 5 years
RTU Lease Assets Depends on lease term
RTU Subscription Assets Depends on term of arrangement

Leases

Lessee:

The District is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the statement of net position. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$20,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payment to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the
 lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for
 leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonable certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

Lessor

The District is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of the bookstore. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The District has several subscription-based information technology arrangements for software services. The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the statement of net position. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$20,000 or more.

At the commencement of an arrangement, the District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the arrangement term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of arrangement payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for arrangement payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain applicable initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over term of the arrangement.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscriptions include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected subscription payments to present value, (2) arrangement term, and (3) arrangement payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the
 lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for
 subscriptions.
- The arrangement term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Arrangement payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA) (continued)

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription arrangements and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes that occur are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability. Subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and subscription liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenue and Expense Policy

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. The District reports as a business type activity and as a single, proprietary fund. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are tuition and related fees. The major non-operating revenues are state appropriations and property tax collections. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. The operations of the dining hall and bookstore are not performed by the District.

Characterization of Title IV Grant Revenue

In response to guidance provided by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) as question/answer 7.72.10 in the Implementation Guide, revenue received for federal Title IV grant programs (i.e. Pell grants) is now characterized as non-operating revenue as opposed to operating revenue.

Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Reclassification

Certain items in the August 31, 2023 financial statements have been reclassified for comparability purposes with the August 31, 2024 financial statements. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported changes in net position or on net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, in June 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this statement were implemented in fiscal year 2024.

Note 3 - Authorized Investments

The Board of Trustees of the District has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act (Section 2256.001, Texas Government Code). The investments of the District are in compliance with Trustees' investment policies. Such investments include (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) obligations of political subdivisions rated not less than A by a national investment rating firm, (4) certificates of deposit and (5) other instruments and obligations authorized by statute.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized to invest in obligations and instruments as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act of 1995 (Section 2256.001, Texas Government Code). Such investments include (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, (3) collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, (4) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by this state or the United States or its instrumentalities, (5) obligations of political subdivisions rated not less than A by a national investment rating firm, (6) certificates of deposit, (7) repurchase agreements and (8) other instruments and obligations authorized by statute.

Cash and Short-Term Investments: Investment policies for cash and short-term investments, as set forth by the Board of Trustees, authorize the District to invest in interest-bearing time deposits, short-term cash funds, money market funds, intermediate cash funds, U.S. Government-backed obligations, municipal bonds and commercial paper. All investments must be held by the financial institutions organized under Federal or State law.

Investments: Investment policies as set forth by the Board of Trustees also authorize the District to invest in bonds or other securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

Deposits: At August 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$28,680,771 and \$16,495,311, respectively; and bank balances equaled \$17,021,337 and \$11,474,627. Bank balances of \$532,252 and \$647,427 are covered by federal depository insurance and \$16,489,085 and \$10,867,200 were covered by collateral pledged in the District's name. The collateral was held by the District or by its Agent. There were no uncollateralized bank balances at either year end. (This would have included any bank balance that was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's department or agent but not in the District's name). The District held \$18,689,308 and \$11,779,016 in state approved public investment pools at August 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents included on Exhibit 1, Statements of Net Position, consist of the items reported below:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

	 2024	2023
Bank Deposits:	 _	_
Demand Deposits	\$ 5,471,244	\$ 1,192,897
Money Market Deposits	 23,209,527	15,302,414
	28,680,771	16,495,311
	 _	_
Cash and Cash Equivalent:		
Petty Cash on Hand	7,126	8,157
Investments due within 90 days	 9,610,032	3,530,141
	9,617,158	3,538,298
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 38,297,929	\$ 20,033,609

Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments to Exhibit 1

	Au	August 31, 2023			
Type of Security	Market Value			arket Value	
U.S Government Securities	\$	15,202,562	\$	24,353,375	
Public Funds Investment Pools		18,689,309		11,779,016	
Municipal Bonds		395,936		3,053,455	
Certificates of Deposit		2,160,000		5,739,000	
Oil & Gas		265,825		1,075,958	
Total Investments	\$ 36,713,632		\$	46,000,804	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	38,297,929	\$	20,033,609	
Total Investments		36,713,632		46,000,804	
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	75,011,561	\$	66,034,413	
Cash and Temporary Investments (Exhibit 1)	\$	38,297,929	\$	20,033,609	
Investments (Exhibit 1)		36,713,632		46,000,804	
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	75,011,561	\$	66,034,413	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

As of August 31, 2024 the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	 Less than 1	1 to 2		1 to 2		1 to 2 2 to 5		5 to 10	
Public Funds Investment Pools	\$ 18,689,309	\$ 18,689,309	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
U.S. Government Securities	15,202,562	4,853,184		5,036,645		4,707,374		605,359		
Municipal Bonds	395,936	180,347		-		215,589		-		
Certificates of Deposit	2,160,000	2,160,000		-		-		-		
Oil & Gas	 265,825	 265,825				-		<u>-</u>		
Total Fair Value	\$ 36,713,632	\$ 26,148,665	\$	5,036,645	\$	4,922,963	\$	605,359		

As of August 31, 2023 the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 2		1 to 2		1 to 2		1 to 2 2 to 5		5 to 10	
Public Funds Investment Pools	\$ 11,779,016	\$ 11,779,016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
U.S. Government Securities	24,353,375	9,399,935		6,384,750		8,298,248		270,442				
Municipal Bonds	3,053,455	1,881,007		963,221		209,227		-				
Certificates of Deposit	5,739,000	-		5,739,000		-		-				
Oil & Gas	1,075,958	1,075,958		-		-		-				
Total Fair Value	\$ 46,000,804	\$ 24,135,916	\$	13,086,971	\$	8,507,475	\$	270,442				

Interest Rate Risk: In order to limit exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the District has established maturity limitations for each fund group. Operating funds are primarily invested in instruments that offer high liquidity and have maturities corresponding with the short to intermediate operating needs of the District. Plant funds and other capital project funds have maturities which correspond to the associated project or debt service dates. Endowment funds are invested in long-term treasury, agency, municipal securities, and certificate of deposit. In addition, state law limits the maturities of collateralized mortgage obligations to no more than 10 years and limits maturities of commercial paper and banker's acceptances to no more than 270 days. Repurchase agreements are limited to 2 years and reverse repurchase agreements are not to exceed 90 days.

Credit Risk: In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy, investments in mutual funds and investment pools must be rated at least AAA, commercial paper must be rated at least A-1 or P-1 and investments in obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions must be rated at least A. Applicable credit ratings of investments at August 31, 2024 and 2023 are reported below:

Investment Type	Credit Rating
Municipal Bonds	S&P: A thru AAA
U.S. Government Securities	S&P: AA+
TexPool	S&P: AAAm
Lone Star Government Overnight	S&P: AAAm
TexSTAR	S&P: AAAm
Texas Daily	S&P: AAAm

Concentration of Credit Risk: The District does not place a limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the District's investments are in FHLB Bonds (65.98%) and US Treasury Notes (32.56%).

Custodial Credit Risk: The District's investments have no custodial credit risk

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, provides a framework for measuring fair value for certain investments. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets of liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The District had the following investments measured at fair value at August 31, 2024 and 2023:

Investment Type	Acti	oted Prices in ve Markets for entical Assets Level 1	_	nificant Other ervable Inputs Level 2	Un	Significant nobservable outs Level 3	2024
U.S. Government Securities	\$	15,202,562	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,202,562
Public Funds Investment Pools		18,689,309		-		-	18,689,309
Municipal Bonds		395,936		-		-	395,936
Certificates of Deposit		-		2,160,000		-	2,160,000
Oil & Gas		-		-		265,825	265,825
Total	\$	34,287,807	\$	2,160,000	\$	265,825	\$ 36,713,632
	Acti	oted Prices in ve Markets for entical Assets	_	nificant Other ervable Inputs		Significant nobservable	
Investment Type		Level 1		Level 2	In	outs Level 3	2023
U.S. Government Securities	\$	24,353,375	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 24,353,375
Public Funds Investment Pools		11,779,016		-		-	11,779,016
Municipal Bonds		3,053,455		-		-	3,053,455
Certificates of Deposit		_		5,739,000		-	5,739,000
		_		0,700,000			3,733,000
Oil & Gas		-		-	\$	1,075,958	1,075,958

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 - AD Valorem Taxes Receivable

The District's ad valorem property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District.

At August 31, 2024	
Assessed valuation of the District	\$ 56,730,975,040
Less exemptions	(2,071,210,864)
Net Assessed Valuation of the District	\$ 54,659,764,176
At August 31, 2023	
Assessed valuation of the District	\$ 49,082,032,636
Less exemptions	(1,764,432,395)
Net Assessed Valuation of the District	\$ 47,317,600,241

At August 31, 2024

	Mai	ntenance			
	and	Operation	Deb	t Service	Total
Authorized tax rate per \$100 valuation (Maximum per enabling legislation)	\$	0.0719	\$	0.0055	\$ 0.0774
Assessed tax rate per \$100 valuation	\$	0.0719	\$	0.0055	\$ 0.0774

At August 31, 2023

	Mai	ntenance			
	and	Operation	Deb	ot Service	Total
Authorized tax rate per \$100 valuation (Maximum per enabling legislation)	\$	0.0775	\$	0.0063	\$ 0.0838
Assessed tax rate per \$100 valuation	\$	0.0737	\$	0.0063	\$ 0.0800

Taxes levied for the years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023 are \$42,312,886 and \$37,854,107, respectively. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 - AD Valorem Taxes Receivable (continued)

At August 31, 2024

		Current						
Taxes Collected	(Operations	D	ebt Service	Total			
Current taxes collected	\$	38,206,424	\$	2,904,620	\$	41,111,044		
Delinquent taxes collected		357,263		27,161		384,424		
Penalties and interest collected		221,941		16,873		238,814		
Total Collections	\$	38,785,628	\$	2,948,654	\$	41,734,282		

At August 31, 2023

Current				
 Operations	Debt Service			Total
\$ 34,609,084	\$	2,935,953	\$	37,545,037
236,049		20,024		256,073
 224,027		19,005		243,032
\$ 35,069,160	\$	2,974,982	\$	38,044,142
\$	Operations \$ 34,609,084 236,049 224,027	Operations Domestion \$ 34,609,084 \$ 236,049 224,027	Operations Debt Service \$ 34,609,084 \$ 2,935,953 236,049 20,024 224,027 19,005	Operations Debt Service \$ 34,609,084 \$ 2,935,953 \$ 236,049 20,024 224,027 19,005

Tax collections (including penalties, interest and delinquent collections) for the years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023 were in excess of 100% of the respective year tax levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. The use of tax proceeds is restricted to either maintenance and operations or interest and sinking expenditures.

Ad valorem taxes receivable includes the following:

	 2024	2023
Current unrestricted fund	\$ 1,208,583	\$ 1,098,757
Debt service fund	 56,559	101,043
	 1,265,142	1,199,800
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	 (442,800)	(419,930)
Net ad valorem taxes receivable	\$ 822,342	\$ 779,870

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 7 - Lease Receivable

In March 2021, the District entered into a 3-year agreement lease as the lessor for the use of the bookstore. An initial receivable was recorded in the amount of \$199,942. The lease expired during 2024 and as of August 31, 2024, the value of the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources were \$0.

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Sep	Balance tember 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance August 31, 2024		
Not Depreciated/Amortized:							
Land	\$	2,550,242	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,550,242	
Collectibles		49,000	-	-		49,000	
Construction in process		35,240,074	 4,014,440	 37,762,394		1,492,120	
Subtotal		37,839,316	4,014,440	37,762,394		4,091,362	
Other Capital Assets:							
Buildings		127,449,852	30,890,897	-		158,340,749	
Land improvements		12,478,662	5,551,744	-		18,030,406	
Leasehold improvements		572,427	-	-		572,427	
Library books		2,494,333	19,904	-		2,514,237	
Furniture, machinery, vehicles and other equipment		21,565,173	2,497,331	683,658		23,378,846	
RTU lease assets		664,337	6,865	-		671,202	
RTU subscription assets		1,851,094	 -	 276,141		1,574,953	
Subtotal		167,075,878	38,966,741	959,799		205,082,820	
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:							
Buildings		48,658,213	3,303,997	-		51,962,210	
Land improvements		6,730,397	-	-		6,730,397	
Leasehold improvements		177,966	22,016	-		199,982	
Library books		2,064,003	52,515	-		2,116,518	
Furniture, machinery, vehicles and other equipment		17,162,241	1,113,964	673,252		17,602,953	
RTU lease assets		130,996	134,224	-		265,220	
RTU subscription assets		670,990	502,121	274,985		898,126	
Subtotal		75,594,806	5,128,837	948,237		79,775,406	
Net Other Capital Assets		91,481,072	 33,837,904	 11,562		125,307,414	
Net Capital Assets	\$	129,320,388	\$ 37,852,344	\$ 37,773,956	\$	129,398,776	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 8 - Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets activity for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Sep	Balance tember 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Aı	Balance ugust 31, 2023
Not Depreciated/Amortized:						
Land	\$	2,550,250	\$ -	\$ 8	\$	2,550,242
Collectibles		49,000	-	-		49,000
Construction in process		5,045,281	30,194,793	 -		35,240,074
Subtotal		7,644,531	 30,194,793	 8		37,839,316
Other Capital Assets:						
Buildings		127,449,852	-	-		127,449,852
Land improvements		12,478,662	-	-		12,478,662
Leasehold improvements		572,427	-	-		572,427
Library books		2,439,149	55,184	-		2,494,333
Furniture, machinery, vehicles and other equipment		21,143,934	712,292	291,053		21,565,173
RTU lease assets		294,917	369,420	-		664,337
RTU subscription assets		1,459,735	441,984	50,625		1,851,094
Subtotal		165,838,676	1,578,880	341,678		167,075,878
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization:						
Buildings		45,821,725	2,836,488	-		48,658,213
Land improvements		6,075,803	654,594	-		6,730,397
Leasehold improvements		155,950	22,016	-		177,966
Library books		2,014,657	49,346	-		2,064,003
Furniture, machinery, vehicles and other equipment		16,369,268	1,048,568	255,595		17,162,241
RTU lease assets		25,203	105,793	-		130,996
RTU subscription assets		290,110	 431,505	 50,625		670,990
Subtotal		70,752,716	5,148,310	306,220		75,594,806
Net Other Capital Assets		95,085,960	 (3,569,430)	 35,458		91,481,072
Net Capital Assets	\$	102,730,491	\$ 26,625,363	\$ 35,466	\$	129,320,388

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

		Balance				Balance		
	Sept	ember 1, 2023	 Additions	 Reductions	Au	gust 31, 2024	(Current Portion
Bonds			 					
General obligation bonds	\$	8,783,490	\$ -	\$ 2,902,905	\$	5,880,585	\$	2,927,147
Revenue bonds		5,160,000	-	985,000		4,175,000		1,005,000
Total Bonds		13,943,490	-	3,887,905		10,055,585		3,932,147
Other Liabilities								
Compensated absences		2,084,069	420,165	1,230		2,503,004		1,054,742
RTU lease liability		542,242	2,224	122,973		421,493		126,808
RTU subscription liability		601,976	-	272,935		329,041		125,851
Net pension liability		11,548,704	2,356,522	968,111		12,937,115		-
Net OPEB liability		29,729,769	1,998,905	4,445,043		27,283,631		763,127
Total Other Liabilities		44,506,760	4,777,816	5,810,292		43,474,284		2,070,528
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	58,450,250	\$ 4,777,816	\$ 9,698,197	\$	53,529,869	\$	6,002,675

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2023, was as follows:

	Sept	Balance ember 1, 2022	Additions	Reductions	 Balance august 31, 2023	 Current Portion
Bonds General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Total Bonds	\$	11,689,536 6,125,000 17,814,536	\$ - - -	\$ 2,906,046 965,000 3,871,046	\$ 8,783,490 5,160,000 13,943,490	\$ 2,902,904 985,000 3,887,904
Other Liabilities						
Compensated absences		2,047,031	57,378	20,340	2,084,069	794,533
RTU lease liability		277,375	369,420	104,553	542,242	122,434
RTU subscription liability		361,340	441,984	201,348	601,976	264,378
Net pension liability		5,380,931	7,075,504	907,731	11,548,704	-
Net OPEB liability		38,201,849	2,526,438	10,998,518	29,729,769	772,911
Total Other Liabilities		46,268,526	10,470,724	12,232,490	44,506,760	1,954,256
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	64,083,062	\$ 10,470,724	\$ 16,103,536	\$ 58,450,250	\$ 5,842,160

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 10 - Right-to-Use Lease Liability

The District is under contract for noncancellable leases that convey control of the right-to-use lease assets. The lease liabilities outstanding as of August 31, 2024, are as follows:

				Lease Liability					Lease Asset			
	Te	rm	Interest		Original	ginal Outstanding			/alue of	Acc	umulated	
Description	Start Date	End Date	Rate	J		Balance		Le	ase Asset	Am	ortization	
Equipment - Washers & Dryers	08/15/21	08/15/31	6.25%	\$	86,314	\$	65,567	\$	86,314	\$	26,210	
Equipment - Postage Machine	06/30/21	06/30/26	5.90%		28,733		14,060		35,049		22,581	
Equipment - Copiers	Various	Various	2.16% - 2.37%		384,639		234,473		380,182		151,583	
Vehicle	03/31/23	03/31/29	2.68%		138,584		100,290		138,584		39,987	
Building	09/01/20	09/01/25	5.90%		26,067		7,103		31,073		24,859	
				\$	\$ 664,337		421,493	\$	671,202	\$	265,220	

All amounts paid were previously included in the measurement of the lease liability and there were no other related outflows of resources for the period such as variable payments or termination penalties. In addition, there were no commitments incurred prior to commencement of any lease term and there were no impairment losses related to lease assets.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of August 31, 2024, were as follows:

For the Year Ended	 RTU Lease Liability										
August 31,	Principal Interest				Total						
2025	\$ 126,808	\$	11,824	\$	138,632						
2026	121,126		8,045		129,171						
2027	118,095		4,690		122,785						
2028	24,342		2,384		26,726						
2029	10,039		1,661		11,700						
2030-2031	21,083		1,343		22,426						
Total	\$ 421,493	\$	29,947	\$	451,440						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 11 - Subscription Liability

The District is under contract for noncancellable subscriptions that convey control of the right-to-use software. The subscription liabilities outstanding as of August 31, 2024, are as follows:

					Subscription	on Lia	ability		Subscript	tion A	sset		
	Term				Interest			-		Value of Subscription		Acc	umulated
Description	Start Date	End Date	Rate		Amount	Balance		Asset		Amortizatio			
Professional Software	06/25/22	06/25/25	2.01%	\$	-	\$	-	\$	87,912	\$	63,980		
Educational Software	09/01/21	09/01/26	0.58%		-		-		706,996		424,198		
Professional Software	03/26/22	03/26/25	0.43%		-		-		173,835		140,838		
Professional Software	11/10/22	11/10/25	3.24%		25,116		8,369		25,001		15,070		
Professional Software	02/01/22	09/01/27	0.83%		136,292		78,011		135,826		61,920		
Professional Software	12/31/22	12/31/27	3.31%		248,261		158,168		248,434		85,296		
Professional Software	06/01/23	06/01/26	2.36%		92,283		58,245		92,856		38,690		
Educational Software	09/01/21	04/01/26	0.58%		104,343		26,248		104,093		68,134		
				\$	606,295	\$	329,041	\$	1,574,953	\$	898,126		

All amounts paid were previously included in the measurement of the subscription liability and there were no other related outflows of resources for the period such as variable payments or termination penalties. In addition, there were no commitments incurred prior to commencement of any subscription term and there were no impairment losses related to subscription assets.

The future principal and interest subscription payments as of August 31, 2024, were as follows:

For the Year Ended	RTU Subscription Liability										
August 31,	Principal		Interest		Total						
2025	\$ 125,851	\$	7,676	\$	133,527						
2026	93,503		4,985		98,488						
2027	85,484		2,734		88,218						
2028	24,203		798		25,001						
Total	\$ 329,041	\$	16,193	\$	345,234						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 12 - Debt and Obligations

Bonds Payable

Debt service requirements at August 31, 2024, were as follows:

evenue Bo	onds		General Obli	gatio	n Bonds		Total Bonds			
ıl	Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest	
5,000 \$	88,032	\$	2,735,000	\$	212,875	\$	3,740,000	\$	300,907	
,000	65,250		2,890,000		72,250		3,920,000		137,500	
,000	41,963		-		-		1,050,000		41,963	
,000	18,169		<u>-</u> _		=		1,090,000		18,169	
5,000	213,414		5,625,000		285,125		9,800,000		498,539	
-	<u>-</u>		255,585		(255,585)		255,585		(255,585)	
\$,000	213,414	\$	5,880,585	\$	29,540	\$	10,055,585	\$	242,954	
5	5,000 \$ 0,000 0,000 0,000 5,000	\$,000 \$ 88,032 0,000 65,250 0,000 41,963 0,000 18,169 5,000 213,414	Interest	al Interest Principal 5,000 \$ 88,032 \$ 2,735,000 0,000 65,250 2,890,000 0,000 41,963 - 0,000 18,169 - 5,000 213,414 5,625,000	al Interest Principal 5,000 \$ 88,032 \$ 2,735,000 \$ 0,000 65,250 2,890,000 0,000 41,963 - 0,000 18,169 - 5,000 213,414 5,625,000	al Interest Principal Interest 5,000 \$ 88,032 \$ 2,735,000 \$ 212,875 0,000 65,250 2,890,000 72,250 0,000 41,963 - - 0,000 18,169 - - 5,000 213,414 5,625,000 285,125 - - 255,585 (255,585)	al Interest Principal Interest 5,000 \$ 88,032 \$ 2,735,000 \$ 212,875 \$ 0,000 \$ 20,000 \$ 22,735,	al Interest Principal Interest Principal 5,000 \$ 88,032 \$ 2,735,000 \$ 212,875 \$ 3,740,000 0,000 65,250 2,890,000 72,250 3,920,000 0,000 41,963 - - 1,050,000 0,000 18,169 - - 1,090,000 5,000 213,414 5,625,000 285,125 9,800,000 - - 255,585 (255,585) 255,585	al Interest Principal Interest Principal 5,000 \$ 88,032 \$ 2,735,000 \$ 212,875 \$ 3,740,000 \$ 0,000 \$ 0,000 \$ 3,920,000 \$ 0,000	

Note 13 - Bonds Payable

2021 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

- General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021.
- The bonds were used to refund the General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012.
- Issued December 2, 2021.
- Original amount issued \$10,685,000; amount authorized \$10,685,000.
- Bond issued at a net premium of \$1,296,589.
- Source of payment Ad valorem taxes.

The bonds payable are due in semi-annual installments carrying from \$15,000 to \$2,962,250 with interest rates ranging from 0.22% to 0.71%. The average coupon rate is 5%. The final installment is due in 2026. The refunding reduced its total debt service payment by \$557,716 and to obtain an economic gain (the difference between the present value savings on the new and old bonds) of \$542,608. The outstanding principal balance as of August 31, 2024 and 2023 is \$5,625,000 and \$8,210,000, respectively.

2016 Revenue Refunding Bonds

- District Building Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2016
- The bonds were used for an advance refunding of the Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008.
- Issued May 1, 2016
- Original amount issued \$9,710,000; amount authorized \$9,710,000.
- Source of payment pledged revenues

The bonds payable are due in semi-annual installments varying from \$180,107 to \$551,231 with interest rate of 2.25%. The final installment is due in 2028. The outstanding principal balance as of August 31, 2024 and 2023 is \$4,175,000 and \$5,160,000, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 14 - Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables Balances

Receivables

Receivables at August 31, were as follows:

	 2024	2023
Student Receivables	\$ 2,391,271	\$ 1,511,802
Taxes Receivable	1,265,142	1,199,800
State Receivable	72,297	65,489
Federal Receivable	271,703	249,925
Accounts Receivable	1,365,174	3,239,068
Interest Receivable	480,374	394,884
Subtotal	5,845,961	6,660,968
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	 (3,204,836)	(2,486,087)
Total Receivables	\$ 2,641,125	\$ 4,174,881

Payables

Payables at August 31, were as follows:

	 2024	2023		
Vendors Payable	\$ 2,795,011	\$	4,225,837	
Students Payable	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total Payables	\$ 2,795,011	\$	4,225,837	

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The State of Texas has joint contributory retirement plans for almost all of its employees.

A. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms. All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system

B. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Archived Editions (texas.gov) or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas, 78701-2698.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued

C. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (A) above.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

D. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2023 through 2025.

	September 1, 2023	September 1, 2022
	to August 31, 2024	to August 31, 2023
Member	8.25%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.25%	8.00%
District	8.25%	8.00%
District Contributions	\$	885,312
State of Texas On-behalf Contributions		705,460
Member Contributions		1,212,688

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas as the only non- employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the Plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

D. Contributions (continued)

Public junior college or junior college districts are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the
 retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative
 employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is a surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.8% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation

Single Discount Rate 7.00% Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return* 7.00%

4.13% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market

Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to

maturity that include only federally tax exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO

Municipal Bond Rate* AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 Projection period (100 years) 2122

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Benefit changes during the year None Ad-hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. A full description is available in the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

2.30%

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four-year period ending August 31, 2021 and were adopted in July 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioners Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published projection scale ("U-MP"). The active mortality rates were based on the published PUB(2010) Mortality Tables for Teachers, below median, also with full generational mortality.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers, and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2024 increasing to 9.56% in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

F. Discount Rate (continued)

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023, are summarized below:

	Long-Term	Expected	
		Expected	Contribution
		Arithmetic	to Long-Term
	Target Allocation	Real Rate of	Portfolio
Asset Class	**	Return ***	Returns
Global Equity:			
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.70%
Private Equity *	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%
Stable Value:			
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Absolute Return *	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%
Real Return:			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources,			
and Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	4.40%	0.00%
Risk Parity:	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	4.40%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.30%
Volatility Drag ****	<u> </u>	_	-0.90%
Total	100.00%		8.00%

^{*} Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments

^{**} Target allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model

^{***} Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2023)

^{****} The volatility drag results from conversions between arithmetic and geometric mean returns

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

G. Discount rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table represents the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Dis	scount - Rate 6.00%	Di	scount Rate 7.00%	Di	scount rate 8.00%
The District's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability:	\$	19,341,705	\$	12,937,115	\$	7,611,697

H. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$12,937,115 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 12,937,115
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	9,427,245
Total	\$ 22,364,360

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021, thru August 31, 2022.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2023, the College's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .018833964%, which was a decrease of 0.0006190% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Changes in Assumptions and Benefits Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

H. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,031,515 as well as on-behalf revenue and pension expense of \$705,460 representing pension expense incurred by the State on-behalf of the District.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defe	red Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	460,954	\$	156,654	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,223,598		299,442	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		4,042,458		2,159,793	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		249,127		986,777	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date*		1,212,688			
Total	\$	7,188,825	\$	3,602,666	

^{*} The \$1,212,688 reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended August 31, 2025.

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31:	Pen	sion Expense Amount
2025	\$	489,008
2026		236,693
2027		1,336,051
2028		297,245
2029		14,474
	\$	2,373,471

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 16 - Other Retirement Plan

Optional Retirement Plan

Plan Description. Participation in the Optional Retirement Program is in lieu of participation in the Teacher Retirement System. The Optional Retirement Program provides for the purchase of annuity contracts and operates under the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C.

Funding Policy. Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are established and amended by Texas state legislature. The percentages of participant salaries currently contributed by the state and each participant are 6.65% and 6.60%, respectively. The District contributes 1.65% for employees who were participating in the Optional Retirement Program prior to September 1, 1995, and 1.65% for all other employees. Benefits fully vest after one year plus one day of employment. Because these are individual annuity contracts, the state has no additional or unfunded liability for this program. Effective September 1, 2013, Senate Bill (S.B.) 1812 limits the amount of the state's contribution to 50% of the cost of eligible employees in the reporting district.

The retirement expense for the Optional Retirement Program to the State for the District was \$167,246 and \$165,664 for the fiscal years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This amount represents the portion of expended appropriations made by the state legislature on behalf of the District.

The total payroll for all District employees was \$33,704,457 and \$29,028,070 for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. The total payroll of employees covered by the Optional Retirement Program was \$5,556,649 and \$5,485,019 for fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The Texas Employees Group Benefits Program (GBP) is administered by the Employees Retirement System of Texas (ERS). The GBP provides certain postemployment health care, life and dental insurance benefits to retired employees of participating universities, community colleges, and State agencies in accordance with Chapter 1551, Texas Insurance Code. Almost all employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the State and retire with at least 10 years of service to eligible entities. Surviving spouses and dependents of these retirees are also covered. Benefit and contribution provisions of the GBP are authorized by State law and may be amended by the Texas Legislature.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the GBP's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements, notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://ers.texas.gov/About-ERS/Reports-and-Studies/Reports-on-Overall-ERS-Operations-and-Financial-Management; or by writing to ERS at: 200 East 18th Street, Austin, TX 78701; or by calling (877) 275-4377.

Benefits Provided. Retiree health benefits offered through the GBP are available to most State of Texas retirees and their eligible dependents. Participants need at least ten years of service credit with an agency or institution that participates in the GBP to be eligible for GBP retiree insurance. The GBP provides self-funded group health (medical and prescription drug) benefits for eligible retirees under HealthSelect. The GBP also provides a fully insured medical benefit option for Medicare-primary participants under the HealthSelect Medicare Advantage Plan and life insurance benefits to eligible retirees via a minimum premium funding arrangement. The authority under which the obligations of the plan members and employers are established and/or may be amended is Chapter 1551, Texas Insurance Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Contributions. Section 1551.055 of Chapter 1551, Texas Insurance Code, provides that contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the ERS Board of Trustees. The employer and member contribution rates are determined annually by the ERS Board of Trustees based on the recommendations of ERS staff and its consulting actuary. The contribution rates are determined based on (i) the benefit and administrative costs expected to be incurred, (ii) the funds appropriated and (iii) the funding policy established by the Texas Legislature in connection with benefits provided through the GBP. The Trustees revise benefits when necessary to match expected benefit and administrative costs with the revenue expected to be generated by the appropriated funds.

The following table summarizes the maximum monthly employer contribution toward eligible retirees' health and basic life premium. The District shall reimburse a portion of dental insurance, if enrolled, and for a maximum of the cost of retiree fixed optional life insurance coverage in the amount of \$10,000 until age 70, if enrolled. Surviving spouses and their dependents do not receive any employer contribution. As the non-employer contributing entity (NECE), the State of Texas pays part of the premiums for the junior and community colleges.

	2024			2023		
Retiree only	\$	625.00	\$	625.00		
Retiree & Spouse		1,340.38		1,339.90		
Retiree & Children		1,104.22		1,103.58		
Retiree & Family		1,820.22		1,818.66		

Contributions of premiums to the GBP plan for the current and prior fiscal year by source is summarized in the following table:

Premium Contributions by Source Group Benefits Program Plan For the Years Ended August 31, 2024 and 2023

	 2024	 2023
Employers	\$ 229,119	\$ 221,404
Members (employees)	139,641	138,353
Nonemployer Contributing Entity (State of Texas)	17,069	15,451

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Assumptions ERS Group Benefits Program Plan

Valuation date August 31, 2023
Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level Percent of Pay, Open

Remaining amortization period 30 years
Asset valuation method N/A
Discount rate 3.81%

Projected annual salary increase (includes inflation) 2.30% to 8.95%

Annual healthcare trend rate Health Select: 5.60% for FY2025, 5.30% for FY2026, 5.00%

for FY2027, 4.75% for FY2028, 4.60% for FY2029,

decreasing 10 basis points per year to an ultimate rate of

4.30% for FY2032 and later years

Health Select Medicare Advantage: 16.40% for FY2025, 8.40% for FY2026, 5.00% for FY2027, 4.75% for FY2028, 4.60% for FY2029 decreasing 10 basis points per year to an ultimate rate of 4.30% for FY2032 and later years

<u>Pharmacy:</u> 10.00% for FY2025, 10.00% for FY2026, decreasing 100 basis points per year to 5.00% for FY2031

and 4.30% for FY2032 and later years

Inflation assumption rate 2.30%
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Mortality assumptions:

Service retirees, survivors and other inactive members

Tables based on TRS experience with Ultimate MP Projection

Scale from the year 2021.

Disability retirees Tables based on TRS experience with Ultimate MP Projection

Scale from the year 2018 using a 3-year set forward and minimum mortality rates of four per 100 male members and

two per 100 female members.

Active members Sex Distinct RP-2014 Employee Mortality multiplied by 90%

with Ultimate MP Projection Scale from the year 2014.

Many of the actuarial assumptions used in this valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies performed by the ERS and TRS retirement plan actuaries for the period September 1, 2010 to August 31, 2017 for higher education members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

Investment Policy. The State Retiree Health Plan (SRHP) is a pay-as-you-go plan and does not accumulate funds in advance of retirement. The ERS's Board of Trustees amended the investment policy statement in August 2022 to require that all funds in the SRHP be invested in cash and equivalent securities. The expected rate of return on these investments is currently 4.1%, in line with the prevailing returns on 90-day US treasury bills.

Discount Rate. Because the SRHP does not accumulate funds in advance of retirement, the discount rate that was used to measure the total OPEB liability is the municipal bond rates. The discount rate used to determine the total OPEB liability as of the end of the measurement year was 3.59% to reflect the requirements of GASB 75. The source of the municipal bond rate was the Bond Buyer Index of general obligation bonds with 20 years to maturity and mixed credit quality. The bonds' average credit quality is roughly equivalent to Moody's Investors Service's Aa2 rating and Standard & Poor's Corp.'s AA rating. Projected cash flows into the SRHP are equal to projected benefit payments out of the plan. Because SRHP operates on a pay-as-you-go basis and is not intended to accumulate assets, there is no long-term expected rate of return on plan assets and therefore the years of projected benefit payments to which the long-term expected rate of return is applicable is zero years.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact on the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percent less than and 1 percent greater than the discount rate that was used 3.81% in measuring the net OPEB Liability.

	1% D	ecrease in			1% I	ncrease in
		ount Rate 2.81%	Discount Rate 3.81%		Discount Rate 4.81%	
District's Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability (in thousands)	\$	31,657	\$	27,284	\$	23,764

Healthcare Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The initial healthcare trend rate is 5.60% and the ultimate rate is 4.3%. The following schedule shows the impact on the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB Liability if the healthcare cost trend rate used was 1 percent less than and 1 percent greater than the healthcare cost trend rate that was used (5.60%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

			(Current	1% I	ncrease in
				Healthcare Cost Trend Rates		Healthcare Cost Trend Rates
District's Proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability (in thousands)	\$	23,467	\$	27,284	\$	32,128

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$29,729,769 for its proportionate share of the ERS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State support provided to the District for OPEB. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 27,283,631
State's Proportionate share that is associated with District	19,121,228
	\$ 46,404,859

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 17 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. (continued)

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022, thru August 31,2023.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.1021142% which was 0.00225% lower compared to August 31, 2022.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1.084.316 and revenue of \$751,076 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2024 the District reported its proportionate share of the ERS plan's collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	 erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$ 721,635
Changes in actuarial assumptions		910,111	8,520,655
Difference between projected and actual investment return Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		3,449	-
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		2,125,917	1,843,662
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		544,622	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	3,584,099	\$ 11,085,952

^{*} The \$544,622 reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net OPEB Liability in the year ended August 31, 2024.

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB Expense								
August 31:	Amount								
2025	\$	(1,633,251)							
2026		(1,971,947)							
2027		(2,358,053)							
2028		(1,745,495)							
2029		(337,729)							
	\$	(8,046,475)							

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 18 - Compensated Absences

Financial Reporting for Claims and Judgments and Compensated Absences.

To accrue vacation, an individual must be employed on a full-time basis for a twelve-month appointment. Employees can earn annual vacation leave at the rate of 80 hours per year for the first 9 years up to a maximum of 160 hours per year after 20 years of service. There is no requirement that annual leave be taken, but the maximum permissible accumulation is 120 hours for employees with less than 10 years of service. Employees with 10-19 years of service may accumulate up to 180 hours and employees with 20 years of service or more may accumulate up to 240 hours. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated annual vacation leave not to exceed their annual entitlement. The liability for accumulated unpaid vacation leave was approximately \$939,554 and \$693,334 on August 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Employees earn sick leave at the rate of 12 hours per month for the first six months of employment, and at a rate of 8 hours for each month thereafter. Sick days may be accumulated up to 720 hours. Upon retirement, or upon termination with 10 years or more service, the employee may be paid for any accumulated sick leave in excess of 240 hours, at a rate of 1/2 of the employee's current base hourly rate. If an employee terminates prior to 10 years of continuous full-time service, all accumulated sick leave is forfeited. The accrued sick leave amounted to approximately \$1,448,262 and \$1,289,536 on August 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of August 31, 2024 and 2023, non-exempt employees have accrued approximately \$115,188 and \$101,199, respectively, in compensatory time.

Note 19 - Litigation

In the ordinary course of business, the District is involved with various claims and potential litigation. Management does not believe that any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

Note 20 - Contracts and Grant Awards

Contract and grant awards are accounted for in accordance with the requirements of the AICPA Industry Audit Guide, Audits of Colleges and Universities. Revenues are recognized on Exhibit 2 and Schedule A. For federal contract and grant awards, funds expended, but not collected, are reported as Federal Receivables on Exhibit 1. Non-federal contract and grant awards for which funds are expended, but not collected, are reported as Accounts Receivable on Exhibit 1. Contract and grant awards that are not yet funded and for which the institution has not yet performed services are not included in the financial statements. Contract and grant award funds already committed, e.g., multi-year awards, or funds awarded during fiscal years 2024 and 2023 for which monies have not been received nor funds expended total \$496,089 and \$558,120, respectively. All of these amounts were from federal contract and grant awards.

Note 21 - Income Taxes

The District is exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 115, Income of States Municipalities, Etc., although unrelated business income may be subject to income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 511 (a)(2)(B), Imposition of Tax on Unrelated Business Income of Charitable, Etc. Organizations. The District had no unrelated business income tax liability for the years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023.

Note 22 - Split Interest Agreements

On September 30, 2022 the administration of the Hodge J. Howard Unitrust transitioned to the Fiduciary Terminations and Transfers Team due to the death of Samuel P. Nesmith, the last living heir, which occurred on October 18, 2018. 25% of the Unitrust will be distributed to Midland College in accordance with the governing trust documents. The Fair Market Value of the Hodge, J Howard Unitrust was \$34,447 as of August 31, 2024. Midland College has received the majority of the expected distributions from Hodge, J Howard Unitrust. As of August 31, 2024 and 2023, the District has an outstanding receivable as of \$9,018 and \$8,612, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 23 - Commitments

As of August 31, 2024, the District has awarded the following contracts for projects that are in progress:

Mid-Tex - Children's Center Renovation	\$ 73,825
Mid-Tex - Concessions	8,162
	\$ 81,987

Note 24 - Related Party

Midland College Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"), an independent corporation, made contributions of \$9,642,592 and \$25,293,233 in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively. Three trustees of the District are also on the Board of Directors of the Foundation.

The District does not have any other related party transactions to disclose.

Note 25 - Branch Campus Maintenance Tax

A branch campus maintenance tax that is established by election is levied by Pecos County. It is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the county. Collections are transferred to the District to be used for operation of a Branch Campus at Fort Stockton, Texas. This revenue is reported under Local Grants and Contracts.

		2024	2023					
	Collectio	ns (including	Collecti	ons (including				
County or Independent School District:	penalties	s and interest)	penaltie	es and interest)				
Pecos County	\$	1,125,357	\$	1,112,656				



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Last Nine Measurement Years ²

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportionate share of collective next pension liability (%)	0.0188340%	0.0194529%	0.0211295%	0.0222454%	0.0206821%	0.0206770%	0.0209193%	0.0210081%	0.0214909%
District's proportionate share of collective net pension liability (\$) State's proportionate share of net pension liability associated with District Total	\$ 12,937,115 9,427,245 \$ 22,364,360	\$ 11,548,704 8,273,922 \$ 19,822,626	\$ 5,380,931 3,387,838 \$ 8,768,769	\$ 11,914,165 6,673,683 \$ 18,587,848	\$ 10,751,196	\$ 11,381,158 7,908,667 \$ 19,289,825	\$ 6,688,879 4,490,670 \$ 11,179,549	\$ 7,938,654 5,568,440 \$ 13,507,094	\$ 7,596,747 5,178,200 \$ 12,774,947
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of collective net pension liability as a	\$ 20,941,095	\$ 19,773,566	\$ 19,107,864	\$ 18,447,862	\$ 17,447,336	\$ 16,884,581	\$ 16,349,262	\$ 16,106,059	\$ 15,256,625 49.79%
percentage of covered-employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of the total pension liability	61.78% 73.15%	58.40% 75.62%	28.16% 88.79%	64.58% 75.54%	61.62% 75.24%	67.41% 73.74%	40.91% 82.17%	49.29% 78.00%	78.43%

²Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

MIDLAND COLLEGE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PENSIONS CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2024	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Legally required Pension contributions Actual Pension contributions Pension contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	1,212,688 1,212,688	\$	985,892 985,892 -	\$	907,836 907,836 -	\$	902,798 902,798 -	\$	918,712 918,712 -	\$	720,736 720,736 -	\$	701,445 701,445 -	\$	685,906 685,906	\$	686,879 686,879 -	\$	606,222 606,222
District's covered employee payroll amount Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$	25,163,144 4.82%	\$	20,941,095 4.71%	\$	19,773,566 4.59%	\$	19,107,864 4.72%	\$	18,447,862 4.98%	\$	17,447,336 4.13%	\$	16,884,581 4.15%	\$	16,349,262 4.20%	\$	16,106,059 4.26%	\$	15,256,625 3.97%

The amounts presented above are as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability

Note 1: Changes Since Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following assumptions have been updated since the previous valuation to reflect recent plan experience and expected trends:

- Percentage of current retirees and retiree spouses not yet eligible to participate in the HealthSelect Medicare Advantage Plan and future retirees and retiree spouses who will elect to participate in the plan at the earliest date at which coverage can commence.
- Proportion of future female retirees assumed to be married and electing coverage for their spouse. Proportion of future retirees assumed to elect health coverage at retirement and proportion of future retirees expected to receive the Opt-Out Credit at retirement.
- Percentage of Higher Education vested terminated members assumed to have terminated less than one year before the valuation date.
- Assumed per capita health benefit costs, and health benefit costs and retiree contribution trends have been updated since the previous valuation to reflect recent health plan experience and its effects on short-term expectations.
- Annual rate of increase in the Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute (PCORI) fee payable under the Affordable Care Act has been updated to reflect recent health plan experience and its effects on our short-term expectations.
- Assumed expenses directly related to the payment of GBP HealthSelect medical benefits have been updated to reflect recent contract revisions.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.20 percent to 2.14 percent as a result of requirements by GASB Statement 75 to utilize the yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation bonds rated AA/Aa (or equivalent) or higher in effect on the measurement date.
- Minor benefit revisions have been adopted since the prior valuation. These changes, which are not expected to have a significant impact on plan costs for FY2022, are provided for in the FY2022 Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs. There were no benefit changes for HealthSelect retirees and the dependents for whom Medicare is primary.

Actuarial assumption changes are described in TRS's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the TRS Actuarial Valuation Report for the year ended August 31, 2023, which can be accessed at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN For the Last Seven Measurement Years²

	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportionate share of collective next OPEB liability (%)	 0.1021142%	0.1043627%	0.1064845%	0.1027765%	0.0871263%	0.0920000%	0.0665013%
District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability (\$)	\$ 27,283,631	\$ 29,729,769	\$ 38,201,849	\$ 33,962,112	\$ 30,113,175	\$ 27,254,344	\$ 22,658,999
State's proportionate share of net OPEB liability associated with District	19,121,228	20,619,871	22,652,843	20,860,688	26,390,267	22,216,096	19,971,590
Total	\$ 46,404,859	\$ 50,349,640	\$ 60,854,692	\$ 54,822,800	\$ 56,503,442	\$ 49,470,440	\$ 42,630,589
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability as a	\$ 24,399,727	\$ 24,335,191	\$ 18,946,887	\$ 22,736,504	\$ 22,449,109	\$ 22,248,782	\$ 21,714,833
percentage of covered-employee payroll	111.82%	122.17%	201.63%	149.37%	134.14%	122.50%	104.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.63%	0.57%	0.38%	0.32%	0.17%	1.27%	2.04%

²Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS - STATE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN For the Last Eight Fiscal Years²

	 2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	 2018	2017	
Legally required OPEB contributions Actual OPEB contributions Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ 544,622 544,622	\$	533,715 533,715	\$	463,653 463,653	\$	494,837 494,837	\$	464,487 464,487 -	\$	1,346,051 1,346,051	\$ 1,238,174 1,238,174	\$	1,197,854 1,197,854
District's covered employee payroll amount Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 28,179,722 1.93%	\$	24,399,727 2.19%	\$	24,335,191 1.91%	\$	18,946,887 2.61%	\$	22,736,504 2.04%	\$	22,449,109 6.00%	\$ 22,248,782 5.57%	\$	21,714,833 5.52%

The amounts presented above are as of the District's respective fiscal year-end

Note 1 - Changes Since Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following changes since the prior actuarial valuation affected the measurement of the amounts reported in the required supplementary schedules:

• Demographic assumptions since the last valuation was prepared for this plan (including rates of retirement, disability, termination, and mortality, and assumed salary increases) for Higher Education members have been updated to reflect assumptions recently adopted by the TRS Trustees. These new assumptions were adopted to reflect an experience study on the TRS retirement plan performed by the TRS retirement plan actuary.

In addition, the following assumptions have been updated since the previous valuation to reflect recent plan experience and expected trends:

- Percentage of current retirees and retiree spouses not yet eligible to participate in the HealthSelect Medicare Advantage Plan and future retirees and retiree spouses who will elect to participate in the plan at the earliest date at which coverage can commence.
- Proportion of future retirees assumed to cover dependent children.
- Proportion of future retirees assumed to elect health coverage at retirement and proportion of future retirees expected to receive the Opt-Out Credit at retirement.
- Assumed Per Capita Health Benefit Costs and Health Benefit Cost and Retiree Contribution trends have been updated since the previous valuation to reflect recent health plan experience and its effects on our short-term expectations.
- The Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Institute fee payable under the Affordable Care Act has been updated to reflect the most recent available information.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.14% to 3.59% as a result of requirements by GASB No. 75 to utilize the yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation bonds rated AA/Aa (or equivalent) or higher in effect on the measurement date.

Actuarial assumption changes are described in ERS's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and the ERS Actuarial Valuation Report for the year ended August 31, 2023, which can be accessed at https://ers.texas.gov/about-ers/reportsandstudies/gasb-requirements.

²Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.



SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF DETAILED OPERATING REVENUES

Year Ended August 31, 2024

(With Memorandum Totals for the Year Ended August 31, 2023)

Total **Educational** Auxiliary Unrestricted Restricted Activities **Enterprises** 2024 2023 **Tuition:** State funded credit courses: In-district resident tuition 4,250,148 4,250,148 4,250,148 3,944,149 Out-of-district resident tuition 2,899,059 2,899,059 2,899,059 2,862,043 Non-resident tuition 543,832 543,832 543,832 536,209 TPEG - credit (set aside) 1 374.772 374.772 374.772 355.740 State-funded continuing education 1,261,244 1,261,244 1,261,244 1,325,761 TPEG - non-credit (set aside) 1 92,327 92,327 92,327 84,623 Non-state funded continuing 187,501 educational programs 204,236 204,236 204,236 9,296,026 **Total Tuition** 9,625,618 9,625,618 9,625,618 Fees: General use fee 2,067,324 2,067,324 2,067,324 2,006,697 Lab fees 525,555 525,555 525,555 548,727 Other fees 105,337 105,337 105,337 99,863 **Total Fees** 2,698,216 2,698,216 2,698,216 2,655,287 **Scholarship Allowances and Discounts:** (1,478,943) (1,420,777) Scholarships (1,478,943)(1,478,943)Remissions and exemptions - state (225,997)(225,997)(225,997)(214,223)Title IV federal grants (2,008,815)(2,008,815)(2,008,815)(1,638,675)Other federal grants (950)(950)(950)(5,574)TPEG awards (291,430)(291,430)(291,430)(240,596)Other state grants (76,780)(76,780)(76,780)(8,034)Other local grants (3,336)(3,336)(3,336)(11,905)**Total Scholarship Allowances** (4,086,251)(4,086,251)(4,086,251)(3,539,784)**Total Net Tuition and Fees** 8,237,583 8,237,583 8,237,583 8,411,529 **Additional Operating Revenues:** Federal grants and contracts 87,813 2,896,683 2,984,496 2,984,496 2,032,741 736,945 State grants and contracts 736.945 377.310 736,945 Local grants and contracts 1,223,036 366,459 1,589,495 1,589,495 2,475,272 3,372,817 Non-governmental grants and contracts 77,100 3,295,717 32,500 3,405,317 1,356,185 693,491 Sales and services of educational activities 693,491 693,491 524,600 Investment income (program restricted) (483,288)(483,288)7,057 (476, 231)1,594,246 General operating revenues 1,366,209 312,028 1,678,237 1,678,237 883,848 **Total Additional Operating Revenues** 3,447,649 7,124,544 10,572,193 39,557 10,611,750 9,244,202 **Auxiliary Enterprises:** Bookstore 2 64,687 64,687 58,517 Residential/food service 1,231,915 1,231,915 1,164,926 Less discounts (490,054)(490,054)(479,319)Athletics 4,745 25,653 25,653 Other 49,740 49,740 21,230 881,941 881.941 770,099 **Total Net Auxiliary Enterprises Total Operating Revenues** \$ 11,685,232 \$ 7,124,544 \$ 18,809,776 921,498 \$ 19,731,274 (Exhibit 2)

¹ In accordance with Education Code 56.033, \$467,099 and \$440,363 of tuition for years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, was set aside for Texas Public Education grants (TPEG).

² The Midland College Bookstore is outsourced. Bookstore revenue is derived from lease payments. Accordingly, there are no scholarship allowances and discounts related to bookstore revenues.

MIDLAND COLLEGE DISTRICT Schedule B

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES BY OBJECT Year Ended August 31, 2024

(With Memorandum Totals for the Year Ended August 31, 2023)

		Operating				
	•	Ber	efits			
	Salaries			Other		
	and Wages	State	Local	Expenses	2024	2023
Unrestricted - Educational Activities						
Instruction	\$ 15,062,954	\$ -	\$ 3,468,998	\$ 2,046,606	\$ 20,578,558	\$ 18,226,815
Public service	2,146,586	-	705,272	274,705	3,126,563	1,923,535
Academic support	4,461,079	-	1,374,913	2,882,383	8,718,375	8,564,787
Student services	3,037,152	-	1,102,515	362,621	4,502,288	4,189,767
Institutional support	5,071,441	-	1,541,118	3,411,184	10,023,743	7,122,166
Operation and maintenance of plant	1,149,598	-	657,970	6,134,316	7,941,884	6,136,598
Scholarships and fellowships				1,600	1,600	38,828
Total Unrestricted Educational Activities	30,928,810	-	8,850,786	15,113,415	54,893,011	46,202,496
Restricted – Educational Activities						
Instruction	27,018	1,676,371	17,615	329,856	2,050,860	1,862,681
Public service	1,195,415	158,282	340,699	845,369	2,539,765	3,386,580
Academic support	1,500	536,922	317	231,050	769,789	750,104
Student services	263,963	419,483	64,506	241,046	988,998	641,999
Institutional support	-	524,455	-	272,379	796,834	458,238
Operation and maintenance of plant	-	-	-	369,116	369,116	487,701
Scholarships and fellowships	9,539	-	-	6,988,723	6,998,262	4,858,507
Total Restricted Educational Activities	1,497,435	3,315,513	423,137	9,277,539	14,513,624	12,445,810
Total Educational Activities	32,426,245	3,315,513	9,273,923	24,390,954	69,406,635	58,648,306
Auxiliary Enterprises	1,307,440	-	470,039	2,166,460	3,943,939	4,542,109
Depreciation Expense – Buildings and other						
real estate improvements	-	-	-	3,303,997	3,303,997	3,491,082
Depreciation Expense – Equipment and furniture	-	-	-	1,188,495	1,188,495	1,119,930
Amortization Expense - Leases	-	-	-	134,224	134,224	105,793
Amortization Expense - Subscriptions	-	-	-	502,121	502,121	431,505
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 33,733,685	\$ 3,315,513	\$ 9,743,962	\$ 31,686,251	\$ 78,479,411	\$ 68,338,725
					(Exhibit 2)	(Exhibit 2)

SCHEDULE OF NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES Year Ended August 31, 2024

(With Memorandum Totals for the Year Ended August 31, 2023)

	U	nrestricted	 Restricted		Enterprises	2024	 2023
Non-Operating Revenues						_	
State Appropriations:							
Education and general state support	\$	9,179,946	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 9,179,946	\$ 7,089,473
State group insurance		-	1,718,571		-	1,718,571	1,383,202
State retirement matching		-	1,596,942		-	1,596,942	914,041
Permian Basin Petroleum Museum		-	307,854		-	307,854	307,853
Total State Appropriations		9,179,946	3,623,367		-	12,803,313	9,694,569
Maintenance ad valorem taxes		38,785,628	-		_	38,785,628	35,069,160
Debt service ad valorem taxes		-	2,948,654		-	2,948,654	2,974,982
Federal revenue, non-operating		-	5,917,338		-	5,917,338	4,777,559
Gifts		-	2,346,140		-	2,346,140	1,632,913
Investment income		3,211,865	-		102,423	3,314,288	2,231,671
Contributions in aid of construction		-	3,892,526		-	3,892,526	22,267,883
Additions to permanent endowments		-	14,105		-	14,105	50,103
Total Non-Operating Revenues		41,997,493	15,118,763		102,423	57,218,679	69,004,271
Non-Operating Expenses							
Interest on capital related debt		-	(311,973)		-	(311,973)	(402,054)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		24,107	-		-	24,107	(5,952)
Total Non-Operating Expense		24,107	(311,973)		<u> </u>	(287,866)	(408,006)
Net Non-Operating Revenues	\$	51,201,546	\$ 18,430,157	\$	102,423	\$ 69,734,126	\$ 78,290,834
						(Exhibit 2)	(Exhibit 2)

Schedule C

SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION BY SOURCE AND AVAILABILITY Year Ended August 31, 2024

(With Memorandum Totals for the Year Ended August 31, 2023)

				Detail b					Det	ail by Source	Available for Current Operation				
	U	nrestricted	E	Restric Expendable		Non- Expendable		oital Assets Net of reciation & ated Debt	Total			Yes		No	
Current:				_				_		_		_		_	
Unrestricted	\$	8,126,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,126,885	\$	8,126,885	\$	-	
Restricted		-		13,618,585		-		-		13,618,585		13,618,585		-	
Auxiliary enterprises		166,502		-		-		-		166,502		166,502		-	
Endowment:															
Quasi:															
Unrestricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Endowment:															
TRUE		-		-		5,055,853		-		5,055,853		-		5,055,853	
Plant:															
Debt service		(318,589)		=		=		-		(318,589)		(318,589)		-	
Investment in plant		-		-		-	1	18,901,014	:	118,901,014		-	1	118,901,014	
Total Net Position															
August 31, 2024		7,974,798		13,618,585		5,055,853	1	18,901,014		145,550,250		21,593,383	1	123,956,867	
Total Net Position															
August 31, 2023		4,896,257		9,737,593		5,220,427	1	14,709,984		134,564,261		14,633,850	1	119,930,411	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	3,078,541	\$	3,880,992	\$	(164,574)	\$	4,191,030	\$	10,985,989	\$	6,959,533	\$	4,026,456	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass Through Entity		Pass-through	Federal	Subrecipients
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Number	Identifying Number	Direct Awards	Awards	Expenditures	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education						
Direct Awards:						
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant	84.007	N/A	\$ 143,131	\$ -	\$ 143,131	\$ -
Federal College Work Study Program	84.033	N/A	9,539	-	9,539	-
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	5,764,669	-	5,764,669	-
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	854,622		854,622	
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster (ALN 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268)			6,771,961		6,771,961	
(ALN 64.007, 64.033, 64.003, 64.208)			0,//1,901		0,771,901	
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund:						
Education Stabilization Fund-Student COVID-19	84.425E	N/A	1,539,172	-	1,539,172	-
Pass-through Texas Workforce Commission:						
Adult Education and Literacy – AEL Combined	84.002A	1118ALAF01	-	418,712	418,712	-
Adult Education and Literacy – AEL Combined	84.002A	2924ALA022		62,972	62,972	
Total ALN 84.002				481,684	481,684	
Pass-through Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board:						
Career and Technical Education – Basic Grants	84.048	2442020271		199,440	199,440	
Total U.S. Department of Education			8,311,133	681,124	8,992,257	
National Science Foundation						
Pass-through University of Texas at El Paso						
Louis Stokes STEM Pathways and Research Alliance	47.076	226100996B	-	25,964	25,964	-
Pass-through University of Texas at Austin						
Advancing Energy & Resilience Technologies in the Permian Basin	47.084	UTAUS-SUB00001067	-	38,524	38,524	-
Total Research and Development Cluster (ALN 47.084, 47.076)				64,488	64,488	
Total National Science Foundation				64,488	64,488	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Pass-through from Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center:						
Model State Supported Area Health Education Centers	93.107	U77HP16497	-	123,903	123,903	-
Pass-through from Texas Workforce Commission:						
Adult Education and Literacy	93.558	1118ALAE01	-	48,108	48,108	-
TANF Cluster (ALN 93.558)				48,108	48,108	
Pass-through from Permian Basin Workforce Development Board						
Child Care Scholarship Agreement - CCDF Cluster	93.575	128-14	_	950	950	_
Total CCDF Cluster (ALN 93.575)				950	950	
Pass-through from South Plains Community Action Association, Inc. Head Start Division:						
Head Start Partnership Agreement 4/1/23-3/31/24	93.600	06CH010880	-	285,202	285,202	-
Head Start Partnership Agreement 4/1/24-3/31/25	93.600	06CH010880	-	239,997	239,997	-
Total Head Start Cluster (ALN 93.600)				525,199	525,199	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				698,160	698,160	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 8,311,133	\$ 1,443,772	\$ 9,754,905	\$ -

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended August 31, 2024

Note 1: Federal Assistance Reconciliation

Other Operating Revenues -Federal Grants and Contracts revenue – per Schedule A	\$ 2,896,683
Add: Indirect/Administrative Cost Recoveries-per schedule A	87,813
Add: Non-Operating Federal Revenue per Schedule C	 5,917,338
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule A and C	 8,901,834
Reconciling Item:	
Add: Direct Student Loans	854,622
Reduce: OPEB for Medicare Part D RDS Payment	 (1,551)
Total Federal Revenues per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 9,754,905

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies used in Preparing the Schedule.

The expenditures included in the schedule are reported for the District's fiscal year. Expenditure reports to funding agencies are prepared on the award period basis. The expenditures reported above represent funds that have been expended by the District for the purposes of the award. The expenditures reported above may not have been reimbursed by the funding agencies as of the end of the fiscal year. Some amounts reported in the schedule may differ from amounts used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements. Separate accounts are maintained for the different awards to aid in the observance of limitations and restrictions imposed by the funding agencies. The District has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted in the UG, Section 200.414. The District has followed all applicable guidelines issued by various entities in the preparation of the schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS Year Ended August 31, 2024

State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Grant/Contract Number	Pass-Through Disbursement and Expenditures	
Direct Programs:			
Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board:			
Texas College Work Study		\$	4,000
Texas Education Opportunity Grant			535,382
Subtotal-Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board			539,382
Pass-Through from Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center:			
Area Health Education Center	CON3531002		197,563
Total State Financial Assistance		\$	736,945
Note 1: State Assistance Reconciliation			
Total State Financial Assistance per Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards		\$	736,945
Total State Revenues per Schedule A		\$	736,945

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies Used in Preparing the Schedule

The expenditures included in the schedule are reported for the District's fiscal year. Expenditure reports to funding agencies are prepared on the award period basis. The expenditures reported above represent funds which have been expended by the District for the purposes of the award. The expenditures reported above may not have been reimbursed by the funding agencies as of the end of the fiscal year. Some amounts reported in the schedule may differ from amounts used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Separate accounts are maintained for the different awards to aid in the observance of limitations and restrictions imposed by the funding agencies. The District has followed all applicable guidelines issued by various entities in the preparation of the schedule.

OVERALL COMPLIANCE, INTERNAL CONTROL, AND FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS SECTION





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees Midland College District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Midland College District (the "District"), as of and for the years ended August 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon December 16, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



The Board of Trustees Midland College District

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Midland, Texas

December 16, 2024

Whitley FERN LLP



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Midland College District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion On Each Major Program

We have audited Midland College District (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion On Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
 District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
 we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
 accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

To the Board of Trustees Midland College District

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Midland, Texas

December 16, 2024

Whitley FERN LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended August 31, 2024

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statem

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness (es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

weaknesses? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness (es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material

weaknesses? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with 2 CFR 200.516 (a) ?

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster Assistance Listing Number (ALN)

US Department of Education

Student Financial Assistance Cluster 84.007, 84.033, 84.063, 84.268

Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and Type B Federal Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) Year Ended August 31, 2024

II. Financial Statement Findings

None noted.

III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.



STATISTICAL SUPPLEMENT

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2024	 2023	 2022	2021	2020
Net investment in capital assets	\$	118,901	\$ 114,710	\$ 84,213	\$ 78,312	\$ 77,776
Restricted - expendable		13,619	9,738	17,172	9,547	9,836
Restricted - nonexpendable		5,056	5,220	5,209	5,341	5,366
Unrestricted		7,974	4,896	(408)	(573)	(2,656)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 145,550		\$ 134,564	\$ 106,186	\$ 92,627	\$ 90,322

Table 1 Page 2 of 2

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2019			2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Net investment in capital assets	\$	71,521	\$	66,158	\$ 65,124	\$ 64,293	\$ 64,808
Restricted - expendable		11,396		6,025	5,649	5,297	5,194
Restricted - nonexpendable		5,298		5,168	5,245	5,296	5,307
Unrestricted		(2,475)		(1,813)	19,544	17,202	14,017
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 85,740 \$		\$	75,538	\$ 95,562	\$ 92,088	\$ 89,326

REVENUES BY SOURCE

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	202	24	2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Tuition and Fees (net of discounts)	\$	8,238	\$ 8,412	\$ 6,761	\$ 7,682	\$ 8,360	\$ 9,171	\$ 9,648	\$ 9,839	\$ 9,417	\$ 9,232
Federal Grants and Contracts		2,984	2,033	7,919	4,117	1,485	897	971	863	1,007	1,459
State Grants and Contracts		315	377	692	489	558	756	828	725	543	557
Local Grants and Contracts		2,011	2,475	1,803	1,759	1,629	5,398	1,934	1,567	1,621	1,734
Non-Governmental Grants and Contracts		3,405	1,356	1,532	2,371	2,050	5,918	1,299	1,326	1,498	876
Sales and services of educational activities		693	525	567	567	448	691	583	476	623	632
Investment income-program restricted		(476)	1,594	(56)	213	340	358	120	110	142	141
Auxiliary enterprises (net of discounts)		882	770	830	797	762	1,034	817	845	1,049	1,153
Other operating revenues		1,678	884	 1,906	744	644	 994	1,394	747	 749	603
Total Operating Revenues		19,730	18,426	 21,954	 18,739	 16,276	 25,217	 17,594	 16,498	 16,649	 16,387
State Appropriations		12,803	9,695	7,344	8,798	9,409	8,526	10,098	10,680	10,709	11,221
Ad Valorem Taxes		41,734	38,044	36,196	35,642	33,980	31,104	29,169	28,023	27,458	25,453
Federal Revenue, non-operating		5,917	4,778	4,176	3,585	4,018	4,256	4,477	5,400	4,790	4,290
Gifts		2,346	1,633	1,792	1,344	1,145	1,412	1,724	2,094	1,744	2,297
Investment income		3,314	2,232	-	115	662	998	422	321	185	165
Contributions in aid of construction		3,893	22,268	6,478	-	4,023	3,600	-	-	-	1
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		24	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions to permanent endowments		14	50	115	16	42	33	42	17	34	5
Total Non-Operating Revenues		70,045	78,700	56,101	49,526	53,279	49,929	45,932	46,535	44,920	43,432
Total Revenues	\$	89,775	\$ 97,126	\$ 78,055	\$ 68,265	\$ 69,555	\$ 75,146	\$ 63,526	\$ 63,033	\$ 61,569	\$ 59,819

PROGRAM EXPENSES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 2024	 2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	 2018	2017	2016	 2015
Instruction	\$ 22,629	\$ 20,089	\$ 17,536	\$ 18,381	\$ 19,148	\$ 19,308	\$ 18,118	\$ 20,526	\$ 19,694	\$ 19,169
Public service	5,666	5,310	3,916	4,185	4,163	3,323	2,777	2,911	2,776	2,542
Academic support	9,488	9,315	9,098	8,634	8,579	8,403	7,408	6,382	6,749	6,085
Student services	5,491	4,832	4,812	5,220	4,276	4,162	3,916	4,271	4,067	3,808
Institutional support	10,821	7,581	7,544	6,533	7,575	7,049	6,529	7,204	6,702	6,605
Operation and maintenance of plant	8,311	6,624	7,050	7,861	7,909	6,099	6,232	5,707	5,968	5,574
Scholarships & fellowships (net of discounts)	7,000	4,898	5,351	4,795	3,661	2,999	3,487	3,672	3,877	2,704
Auxiliary enterprises (net of discounts)	3,944	4,542	4,028	4,754	4,336	4,146	3,507	3,816	3,668	3,627
Depreciation and amortization	 5,129	5,148	4,981	4,722	4,471	4,637	3,954	3,729	3,720	3,754
Total Operating Expenses	78,479	68,339	64,316	65,085	 64,118	60,126	 55,928	58,218	57,221	53,868
Interest on capital related debt	312	402	473	875	848	1,212	1,170	1,320	1,521	1,527
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	6	202	-	9	6	3	19	65	4
Other non-operating expenses	 -	-	155	 	 -	_	 -	-	 -	
Total Non-Operating Expenses	312	 408	 830	 875	 857	 1,218	 1,173	 1,339	 1,586	 1,531
Total Expenses	\$ 78,791	\$ 68,747	\$ 65,146	\$ 65,960	\$ 64,975	\$ 61,344	\$ 57,101	\$ 59,557	\$ 58,807	\$ 55,399

TUITION AND FEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Resident-Lower Division

				Fee	s per Seme	ester Cre	dit Hour			
Academic Year (Fall)	(Fall) Tuition		 f-District uition		ral Use ee		or 12 SCH District	 for 12 SCH of-District	Increase from Prior Year In- District	Increase from Prior Year Out-of- District
2024	\$	71	\$ 129	\$	30	\$	1,212	\$ 1,908	2.02%	2.58%
2023		69	125		30		1,188	1,860	1.02%	0.65%
2022		68	124		30		1,176	1,848	7.69%	6.21%
2021		66	120		25		1,092	1,740	2.25%	1.40%
2020		64	118		25		1,068	1,716	0.00%	0.00%
2019		64	118		25		1,068	1,716	0.00%	1.42%
2018		64	116		25		1,068	1,692	3.49%	3.68%
2017		62	112		24		1,032	1,632	4.88%	3.03%
2016		58	108		24		984	1,584	5.13%	5.60%
2015		56	103		22		936	1,500	4.00%	2.46%

Non-Resident-Lower Division

					Fee	es per Seme	ester Cre	edit Hour			
Academic Year (Fall)	Tuitio	Resident on Out of tate	Tu	Resident lition national		eral Use Fee		or 12 SCH of State	 or 12 SCH	Increase from Prior Year Out of State	Increase from Prior Year International
2024	\$	171	\$	171	\$	30	\$	2,412	\$ 2,412	2.03%	2.03%
2023		167		167		30		2,364	2,364	0.51%	0.51%
2022		166		166		30		2,352	2,352	4.81%	4.81%
2021		162		162		25		2,244	2,244	1.08%	1.08%
2020		160		160		25		2,220	2,220	0.00%	0.00%
2019		160		160		25		2,220	2,220	1.09%	1.09%
2018		158		158		25		2,196	2,196	3.98%	3.98%
2017		152		152		24		2,112	2,112	2.33%	2.33%
2016		148		148		24		2,064	2,064	4.88%	4.88%
2015		142		142		22		1,968	1,968	1.86%	1.86%

Note: In addition students may incur course related fees such as laboratory fees, testing fees and certification fees.

0.133200

ASSESSED VALUE AND TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE OF PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		(Amou	nts Ex _l	oressed in Tho	usai	nds)				Direct Rate	
Fiscal Year	v 	Assessed 'aluation of Property	Less	: Exemptions	-	able Assessed Value (TAV)	Ratio of Taxable Assessed Value to Assessed Value	 Total Taxes Assessed	Maintenance & Operations (a)	Debt Service (a)	Total (a)
2024	\$	56,730,975	\$	2,071,211	\$	54,659,764	96.35%	\$ 39,404	0.071885	0.005525	0.077410
2023		49,082,033		1,764,432		47,317,601	96.41%	36,009	0.073740	0.006270	0.080010
2022		37,930,122		1,802,803		36,127,319	95.25%	36,295	0.093140	0.008011	0.101151
2021		39,582,768		1,728,003		37,854,765	95.63%	35,367	0.084682	0.007526	0.092208
2020		38,603,722		1,975,688		36,628,034	94.88%	33,864	0.083650	0.007560	0.091210
2019		28,353,759		1,588,258		26,765,501	94.40%	31,280	0.104363	0.010358	0.114721
2018		24,308,301		1,440,043		22,868,258	94.08%	29,132	0.113080	0.012170	0.125250
2017		21,769,005		1,435,909		20,333,096	93.40%	27,879	0.123460	0.013650	0.137110
2016		22,806,351		1,450,393		21,355,958	93.64%	26,894	0.112160	0.013770	0.125930
2015		21,632,033		1,308,136		20,323,897	93.95%	25,281	0.109700	0.014700	0.124400

94.10%

Source: Local Appraisal District

2014

Notes: Property is assessed at full market value.
(a) per \$100 Taxable Assessed Valuation

18,998,198

1,121,399

17,876,799

23,805

0.117200

0.016000

STATE APPROPRIATION PER FTSE AND CONTACT HOURS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	State	Appropriation (000's)	FTSE (1)	Appropriation per FTSE	Academic Contact Hours (a) (000's)	Voc/Tech Contact Hours (a,b) (000's)	Total Contact Hours (000's)	State Appropriation per Contact Hour
2024 *	\$	8,305 ** \$	3,175	\$ 2,616				
2023		7,089	3,092	2,293	1,157	779	1,936	3.66
2022		7,089	2,995	2,367	1,070	653	1,723	4.11
2021		7,728	2,885	2,679	1,043	611	1,654	4.67
2020		7,728	3,125	2,473	1,158	670	1,828	4.23
2019		8,135	3,376	2,409	1,390	700	2,090	3.89
2018		8,135	2,829	2,875	1,449	736	2,185	3.72
2017		7,690	3,134	2,454	1,643	732	2,375	3.24
2016		7,679	3,742	2,052	1,684	767	2,451	3.13
2015		8,514	3,742	2,275	1,594	696	2,290	3.72

^{*} Appropriations no longer paid by contact hours starting in fiscal year 2023-2024

Notes:

(1) FTSE is calculated by the following formula:

(Total Semester Hours Taken by Credit Students (a)) + (Total Contact Hours Taken by CE Students(b))

Appropriation per FTSE

Voc-Tech Contact Hrs.

		(000's)		Preform	nance Funding for 2023-202	24	
	Credit	CE	Total	Outcome	Funding Amount	Raw Count	Weighted Count
2024 *				15 SCH Dual Credit	\$ 959	564	-
2023	614	165	779	GAI Transfer with 15 SCH	2,201	521	629
2022	522	131	653	GAI Co-Enrollment with 15 SCH	24	6	7
2021	509	102	611	Licensure/Certification (no credential)	56	56	-
2020	575	95	670	High-Demand Licensure/Certification	304	243	-
2019	567	133	700	Institutional Credential leading to Licensure (ICLC)	7	7	-
2018	565	171	736	High-Demand Institutional Credential	=	=	-
2017	603	129	732	Occupational Skills Award (OSA)	=	=	-
2016	561	206	767	High-Demand OSA	38	38	-
2015	486	210	696	Certificate I or II	711	326	406
				High-Demand Cert I or II	1,348	271	385
				Advanced Technical Certificate	-	-	-
				High-Demand ATC	=	-	-
				Associate Degree	1,522	334	435
				High-Demand Associate	986	145	219
				Bachelor's Degree	119	22	34
				High-Demand Bachelor's	32_	4	7
					8,307		
				Special Funding - Mental Health Workforce	875		
				Total	\$ 9,182		

Appropriation per Contact Hour

^{**} Mental Health Workforce special funding excluded

⁽a) Source CBM001

⁽b) Source CBM00A

Table 7

FACULTY, STAFF, AND ADMINISTRATORS STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2024	2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Faculty		<u>.</u>							 	<u></u>	
Full-Time	124	122	122	125		125	137	141	134	133	142
Part-Time	86	 100	83	82		112	 111	153	 146	 157	124
Total	210	222	205	207		237	248	294	280	290	266
Percent											
Full-Time	59.0%	55.0%	59.5%	60.4%		52.7%	55.2%	48.0%	47.9%	45.9%	53.4%
Part-Time	41.0%	45.0%	40.5%	39.6%		47.3%	44.8%	52.0%	52.1%	54.1%	46.6%
Staff and Administrators											
Full-Time	263	231	218	236		241	264	284	287	276	260
Part-Time	259	 269	 286	 233		288	 382	 285	 311	157	 301
Total	522	500	504	469		529	646	569	598	433	561
Percent				1	#						
Full-Time	50.4%	46.2%	43.3%	50.3%		45.6%	40.9%	49.9%	48.0%	63.7%	46.3%
Part-Time	49.6%	53.8%	56.7%	49.7%		54.4%	59.1%	50.1%	52.0%	36.3%	53.7%
Students per Full-Time Faculty	42.3	42.3	41.4	38.1		41.5	38.6	39.6	42.3	40.9	32.5
Students per Full-Time Staff Member	20.0	22.3	23.1	20.2		21.5	20.0	19.7	19.7	19.7	17.8
Average Annual Faculty Salary	\$ 70,807	\$ 67,935	\$ 64,503	\$ 64,503	\$	65,433	\$ 64,725	\$ 62,257	\$ 62,257	\$ 61,444	\$ 61,064
Notes:											
Fall Headcount	5251	5160	5,045	4,763		5,184	5,282	5,589	5,664	5,439	4,618

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Academic Buildings	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Square footage (in thousands)	560	560	560	560	560	560	520	520	520	520
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage (in thousands)	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52
Administrative and Support Buildings	7	7	7	7	7	5	5	5	5	5
Square footage (in thousands)	85	85	85	85	85	85	70	70	70	70
Dormitories	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Square footage (in thousands)	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91	91
Number of Beds	286	286	286	286	286	286	286	286	286	286
Apartments	11	11	11	11	11	10	10	10	10	10
Square footage (in thousands)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Number of beds	22	22	22	22	22	20	20	20	20	20
Dining Facilities	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage (in thousands)	19	19	20	20	20	11	11	11	11	11
Athletic Facilities	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Square footage (in thousands)	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136	136
Multipurpose Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gymnasiums	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Softball Dressing Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball Practice Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis Pro Shop	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Plant facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Square footage (in thousands)	29	29	29	29	29	26	26	26	26	26
Chapel	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage (in thousands)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Childrens Center	5	5	4	4	4	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage (in thousands)	69	69	15	15	15	15	11	11	11	11
Transportation										
Cars	10	10	12	13	14	16	11	12	11	9
Light Trucks/Vans	34	32	29	25	23	20	20	20	20	20
Heavy trucks	13	12	11	11	12	12	13	9	8	8
Buses	9	9	8	9	11	12	8	8	8	8

MIDLAND COLLEGE DISTRICT HEAD COUNT ENROLLMENT TREND CREDIT HOUR STUDENTS ONLY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Table 9

Fiscal					Duplicated	Annual
Year	Fall	Spring	Sum I	Sum II	Total	Unduplicated
	•					
2024	5,251	5,149	857	855	12,112	7,097
2023	5,160	5,022	773	773	11,728	6,909
2022	5,045	5,074	798	798	11,715	7,012
2021	5,115	4,826	814	814	11,569	7,018
2020	5,131	6,029	1,592	1,593	14,345	7,656
2019	5,282	6,087	1,529	1,529	14,427	8,292
2018	5,589	6,405	1,418	1,418	14,830	8,448
2017	5,664	7,253	3,207	1,968	18,092	9,662
2016	5,439	7,136	3,727	2,353	18,655	10,183
2015	4,618	6,527	3,533	2,422	17,100	9,512

